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The Bombay Chronicle

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DIVE-BOMBERS IN ACTION OVER JAVA AGAIN

"This Govt. Must Get Out Of India"

We Are Now Very Impatient To Throw Away This Yoke, Declares Jawahar

LAHORE, November 19, (A. P. I.): Pandit Jawaharlal, speaking during this election cammpaign here, said that it was his view that the British Government would either come to an end in India in two or three years or would have to be ended during this period.

He said that in the world today there were only two big first class Powers—America and Russia. The British were reduced to a third class power although they were still trying to keep their imperialist hold in India and elsewhere.

In the world of the morrow, he said, China and India were bound to emerge as two other big Powers besides America and Russia. There would not be a fifth.

THIS GOVT. MUST GET OUT

Saying that four hundred million Indians could no longer tolerate British domination, Pandit Jawaharlal said: "We are now very impatient to throw away this yoke of slavery. We are now terribly sick of this British Government. We may go to hell, but this Government must get out of our country. There is a fire that is raging in our hearts. We must be free soon".

He said that the whole of Asia was now in ferment tremendous forces are at work. India and the other Asiatic countries were awakening. A new spirit of revolt against all types of imperialisms was sweeping across the continent.

INDIA CAN'T WAIT

Pandit Jawaharlal said that this domination by the British Government for 150 years had now become intolerable. Indians would not wait for more declarations and more promises from New Delhi and London, but would solve the issue of their freedom themselves.

He said that it was the religious duty of a slave to revolt against his subjugation. And it was but proper that the Indian people revolted spontaneously in 1942 as they did it in 1857.

Pandit Jawaharlal said that indescribe tyranny and supression by the British Government followed in the wake of that revolt. But the people were all the stronger for that brave and heroic resistance against this power. The Congress was never so strong before as today. It had endeared itself all the more to the people. It reigned their hearts.

But terrible repression followed. The bomb and the machinegun and the aeroplane were used against them. Hundreds of men were killed and the villages burned. Today the simple Ballia kisan, he said, was proud of ruling even for ten days. He was full of more courage and enthusiasm. Repression had failed to crush his spirit of revolt.

MEAN AND UNDIGNIFIED

Pandit Jawaharlal criticised the Akali Dal leaders and said that they had fallen from their principles. They were misleading the Sikhs and harming their interests.

He said that these leaders in their statement before Sir Stafford Cripps had reminded him of their loyalty to the British in 1857 and requested him to keep this service in mind. He said that this was a very mean and undignified thing to do. They were besmirching the name of the brave Sikh community by behaving in this manner.

At Dichkot Pandit Nehru addressed the people mounted on top of a bus on which a microphone had been hurriedly put up.

IN NAKANA SAHIB

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru late last night bowed at the Nakana Sahib Shrine before the Granth, the holy book of the Sikhs. In keeping with the religious custom of making offerings at such shrines, Pandit Jawaharlal tendered a ten-rupee note and tasted the "prasads" given by the priest.

He also paid visits to the Namdhari and the Ramgharia Darbars where he was presented with 'Saropas.'

MEETS CONSPIRACY PRISONERS

Pandit Nehru to-day met in the Lahore Central Jail five political prisoners who have been in prison for more than fifteen years.

They are Pandit Kishori Lal who has been in jail for ninteen years and four months in connection with the first Lahore Conspiracy Case; Swami Hans Raj, the Suchetgabh Shooting Case prisoner, who has been

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 5.)

VOTE FOR CONGRESS
Central Assembly Election
REMEMBER
Monday 26th November, 1945.
YOUR CANDIDATES
Dr. G. V. Deshmukh
Sjt. M. R. Masani
ONE VOTE FOR EACH
WILL BRING FREEDOM
WITHIN YOUR REACH

Karaka In Mesh Of Red Tape

U. S. Priority Official Refuses To Answer Query Of A. T. C. In Bombay

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW YORK, Nov. 19.

CAUGHT IN A MESH OF RED TAPE IS MR. KARAKA, "BOMBAY CHRONICLE'S" WAR CORRESPONDENT, WHO IS TWIDDLING HIS THUMBS IN NEW YORK, WHILE WAITING FOR A SIMPLE TELEGRAM TO BE SENT FROM WASHINGTON TO BOMBAY.

The facts are, Mr. Karaka was due to leave the United States by air for India. The Air Transport Command have received the fare in Bombay, and the State Department in Washington have granted the priority.

The Air Transport Command in Bombay naturally require Washington's official confirmation that such a priority has been granted. The State Department's priority official, Mr. Manning, felt that the State Department could not send this cable. So he gave Mr. Karaka his priority number and asked him to cable it to Bombay which Mr. Karaka did.

But the A. T. C., Bombay, could not accept this unofficial intimation without Washington's confirmation. The A. T. C., Bombay, repeatedly requested Washington for confirmation, but Washington did not comply.

BRITISH AND U. S. INFORMATION SERVICES HELP

In the meanwhile, the British information services proved most helpful to Mr. Karaka through the British Embassy. The United State's Office of War Information likewise 'phoned at Washington on Mr. Karaka's behalf. Long distance 'phone calls and telegrams are going all over the country, but for the whole week Mr. Manning did not, communicate to the United State's own Air Transport Command the number of Mr. Karaka's priority.

The situation has now reached a ludicrous stage. The State Department official told Mr. Karaka this morning that Mr. Manning had given the British Embassy the number of Mr. Karaka's priority to be communicated through the Government of India, Delhi, to the A. T. C. at Bombay. Yet the most simple thing in the world is for the A. T. C., Washington, or the State Department to answer a query of their own A. T. C. in Bombay. This, Mr. Manning was unwilling to do for a whole week, despite repeated requests.

Small as this incident is, it reflects badly on the State Department of one of the leading nations of the world.

Apart from the inconvenience caused to individuals, it makes for bad public relations where members of the Press are involved.

JAWAHAR IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20. (A. P. I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru arrived in Delhi this evening from Lahore by air. Pandit Nehru will attend the I.N.A. trial tomorrow and will resume the election campaign in Meerut Division on Thursday.

MADAME ZAGHLOUL—EGYPT'S GREATEST WOMAN

Grants Her First Interview In A Long And Crowded Lifetime To "Chronicle"

(By Paul Tabori)

CAIRO.

Every morning in the heart of Cairo a frail old lady draws the curtains of her bedroom in a large, olive-coloured house and gazes at the building opposite. This building stands in a large, well-kept garden; through its iron gates and up its broad steps passes an endless stream of Muslims from all over the world. It is a large well-proportioned building; inside the lofty ceiling is pierced with square skylights and tall noble columns of purple porphyry rise to the height of a hundred feet. Between these columns, on a marble dais, stands a square sarcophagus of grey porphyry —without any ornament, without even an inscription. It is a great shrine of Egyptian nationalist sentiment; the tomb of Zaghloul Pasha, greatest of modern Egyptian statesmen, founder of the country's hard-won independence. And the old lady who looks upon the tomb from across the way is the grand old lady of Egypt—Madame Zaghloul.

The house in which she lives is destined to be a museum after her death; she has already bequeathed it to the nation. Its spacious rooms and corridors are full of her husband's memory—his portraits, his diplomas, his splendid library. Above his desk hangs a photograph of the bleak Seychelles, one of the many places where he languished as an exile.

"GREAT MAN'S LADY"

Madame Zaghloul has never before given an interview in her life: I was

Madame Zaghloul Pasha

the first foreign journalist whom she consented to receive. At seventy-two she is still strikingly handsome, with strongly chiselled features, large luminous black eyes and silvery hair. In her presence one truly feels the breath of history—she is the "great man's lady" who fought and suffered for the same cause as her husband.

Daughter of a prime minister, brought up in the torrid atmosphere of high politics, she married Zaghloul when she was nineteen and he a struggling young lawyer. He became a judge; but he only spoke Arabic and though his legal erudition startled his French and British colleagues, on the bench of the Mixed Courts, he felt the handicap of a single language. He was well into his middle thirties before he decided to remedy this defect. He went to France and gained a diploma with high honours at the Sorbonns; then, for good measure, he went to Germany and obtained another degree.

He founded the Wafdist Party, still the greatest national force in Egyptian politics. The British authorities interned him at Gibraltar. Madame Zaghloul continued his work, saved the party from falling to pieces in the absence of its leader. Later she was able to join her husband, and in 1919 he was allowed to return to his native country.

A BOLD STROKE

Hundreds of thousands made the pilgrimage to Alexandria to greet the returning leader. Zaghloul knew that whatever intrepid step he took now, the people would accept and acclaim it. He had been deeply concerned with the bondage of Egyptian women. He asked his wife to risk a bold stroke—to remove the veil; the first Egyptian woman of high family to do so. Madame Zaghloul's example electrified Egypt's women. Their emanci-

(Continued on Page 4 Col. 5.)

SOVIET STOP MARCHING TEHERAN TROOPS

Persian Parliament Goes Into Secret Session: Possibility Of Mission To Moscow

TEHERAN, Nov. 20 (Reuter): Russian military authorities in North Persia to-day barred the road to the Persian Government troops moving northwards from Teheran, it was officially stated in Teheran to-night, cables Reuter from the Persian capital.

The troops had orders to restore calm in the Northern Persian province of Azerbaijan, where fierce fighting was last reported at the railway town of Mianeh.

MISSION TO MOSCOW?

The Persian Parliament went into a secret session to-day, and it is understood that there is a possibility of a mission being sent to Moscow.

Earlier reports had suggested that the decision to dispatch two battalions of Government troops to deal with the "rising" was meeting with tacit Soviet consent, but shortly afternoon, it was announced that Persian troops were halted at Kazvin, 85 miles northwest of Teheran, and ordered by Russian authorities to return to the capital.

FIGHTING IN TABRIZ

Fighting was also believed to be going on at Tabriz, the biggest town in north Persia, where the Persian Commander is stated to have declared that all disturbances would be suppressed by force.

The situation was quiet to-day in Zinjan (70 miles south-east of Mianeh on the road to Teheran), Astara (the Caspian Sea Port), and Ardabil (on the eastern route to Tabriz), according to an official announcement in Teheran.

Police Sergeant Killed In Clash With Colombo Strikers

COLOMBO, Nov. 20. (A.P.I.): One police sergeant died and four more persons were seriously injured and taken to hospital as a result of a clash yesterday between factory workers who are on strike and police.

Sergeant Bandara whose injuries proved fatal was buried this morning with full police honours. Fifteen of the strikers have been arrested.

CRISIS THREATENS ANGLO-AMERICAN FINANCIAL TALKS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20. (Reuter): Crisis threatens again in Anglo-American Trade and Financial talks and possibility of total failure is being suggested although highest American quarters continue to be optimistic. The new set of American proposals presented last Friday is occupying the attention of delegates who, with talks entering upon the ninth week are showing increasing signs of strain and fatigue, cables "Reuter's" correspondent.

British are still holding out strongly for 4,000 million dollars. Americans insist that 3,500 million dollars is all that Congress will allow. This difference still remains to be adjusted.

NEW MAYOR OF MADRAS

MADRAS, Nov. 20. (A.P.I.): Rao Bahadur N. Sivaraj, Presdent of the All-India Scheduled Castes Federation, was unanimously elected today Mayor of the Madras Corporation.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (MARCH)
New York, Nov. 20.

Previous Closing	24.10
To-day's Opening	24.12
Difference	+02
To-day's Closing	24.05
Difference	—05

EAST ZONE XI TO MEET 'AUSSIES'

CALCUTTA, Nov. 19. A.P.I.): The following players have been selected to represent the East Zone against the Australian Services side in a three-day fixture commencing from November 21 on the Eden Gardens ground:

C. K. Nayudu (Captain), Mushtaq Ali, S. N. Banerjee, Denis Compton, C. S. Nayudu, N. Chatterjee, T. V. Parthasarathi, C. T. Sarwate, B. B. Nimbalkar, N. Chaudhuri and J. P. Phansalkar.

TWELFTH MAN: J. N. Bhaya.

Orissa Government's Strictures On Police

CUTTACK, Nov. 19. (A.P.I.): The stricture on the conduct of policemen who rushed to the football field at the shield final match on November 6 that they "failed to exercise the self-control which is expected of members of a disciplined force" has been passed by the Government of Orissa in a "communique" issued today.

STOP PRESS

BRAILSFORD FOR INDIA

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, Nov. 20

I understand, one of the first to go to India to be present during forthcoming elections is Mr. H N Brailsford. He has been commissioned to write a series of articles to British and American journals.

Miss Agatha Harrison and Prof. Horace Alexander are also proceeding to India towards the middle of December.

CONGRESS M.L.A. JOINS LEAGUE

LUDHIANA, Nov. 20 (API): Chaudhri Mohamed Hassan, M.L.A. (Congress) is understood to have joined the Muslim League.

Chaudhri Mohamed Hassan was acting leader of the Congress party in the Punjab Assembly and leader of the Opposition for some time.

NO TAX CAMPAIGN AHEAD IN BARODA

Praja Mandal Working Committee's Resolution

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Nov. 20

The new Working Committee of the Baroda Praja Mandal appointed by Darbar Gopaldas has passed a resolution for a direct action, which has created sensation among State Council and officers. The resolution runs as follows: "This Committee asks peasant landholders to postpone the paying of increase in local cess until a new Dharasabha decides the issue. This resolution is considered as a preliminary step in the no-tax campaign.

MAHATMA LEAVES FOR SEVAGRAM

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

After being out for just over three months for purposes of health, Mahatma Gandhi left Bombay for his village hut at Sevagram this afternoon. He boarded the Calcutta Mail at the Matunga level-crossing and smiled a good-bye to the city where he spent just 29 hours. He looked cheerful and healthy.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, Mr. Nagindas T. Master and Mr. S. K. Patil were among those who saw him off at the level-crossing. As usual, a number of women and children had gathered outside the wicket gate. Senior Railway officials were present to supervise the arrangements. Gandhiji's companions in the third-class compartment were his son, Mr. Manilal Gandhi, Secretary Pyarelal, Dr. Miss Sushila Nayar and Mr. Kanu Gandhi.

Gandhiji spent a quiet morning at the Birla House. Among those who called on him were Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Dr. Jivraj Mehta.

STATUE OF MAHATMA INSTALLED

MANDAVALLI, Nov. 20. (A.P.I.): A statue of Mahatma Gandhi, six feet in height was installed by Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramayya on the 17th instant at the opening ceremony of the Gandhi Seva Ashram at Village Mandavalli in Kaikalur taluk.

CHINESE ADVANCE INTO MANCHURIA

CHUNGKING, Nov. 20. (A.P.A.): The Chinese press today claimed that Government troops in a 35-mile advance into Manchuria from Shan Hai Kwan had occupied Suichung on the Peiping-Mukden railway.

If confirmed, this would place them about 65 miles from the rail town of Chinhsien, where a Communist on Monday predicted "the first big battle" between Government and Communist forces in Manchuria would take place.

Another Chinese despatch said the Communists took possession of most of the airfields of Southern Manchuria, formerly held by the Russians. It was also asserted that Communists occupied the airfields at Changchun.

Air Attacks To Smash Strong Points

BRITISH ARMY REPORT ALLEGES USE OF POISON GAS BY INDONESIANS

BATAVIA, November 20, (Reuter): Indian troops attacked by mobs at Samarang and Sourabaya; British Thunderbolts and Dive-bombers in action against Indonesians; Indonesia forces in Sourabaya estimated at 20,000 well armed trained men; British reports of suspected use of poison gas by Indonesians, renewed fighting in Batavia and growing tension in Bandoeng;—this was the general picture of the situation in Java today.

Staff Officers at the British Headquarters declare, however, that there is no danger of the situation getting out of hand in spite of reports of local disturbances coming in from many areas, writes Noel Buckley, Reuter's special correspondent.

FIRST BOMBING ATTACK

General Christison commands sufficient force to deal with any situation, however threatening it may appear temporarily, it was stated.

In the Royal Air Force's first bombing attack for some time past, six Thunderbolts were ordered into the air to-day to smash an Indonesian strongpoint at strategic crossroads at Samarang which was preventing linkup of Indian troops. Indonesians were given ample warning and the British Squadron leader later said one of his bombs went clean through a building knocking off the roof and setting on fire some transport resembling Japanese lorries.

The bombing took place some hours after an Indonesian mob had attacked the Battalion Headquarters of the Hyderabad Regiment at Samarang and had been beaten [illegible] killed, 50 wounded and [illegible] prisoners.

IN SOURABAYA

At Sourabaya, from where the Allied Commander, General Christison, returned to-day to Batavia after a two-day visit, another mob, which surrounded a Mahratta patrol, lost 15 in killed alone.

A report by a British Army Officer states that Indonesian extremists in Sourabaya are strongly suspected of using gas in the form of chlorine filled bottles, but no details are given.

Another report estimated Indonesian forces in Sourabaya

(Continued on Page 6 Col. 4.)

INDIAN TROOPS TO BE WITHDRAWN FROM INDONESIA?

(From Our Correspondent.)
LONDON, Nov. 20.

In Parliamentary circles the belief is prevailing that Indian troops will shortly be withdrawn from Indonesia. They will be replaced by British troops. Parliamentary confirmation is possible shortly of the return of Prime Minister.

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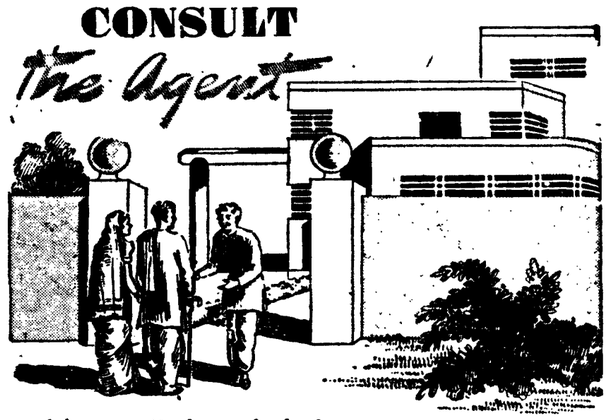

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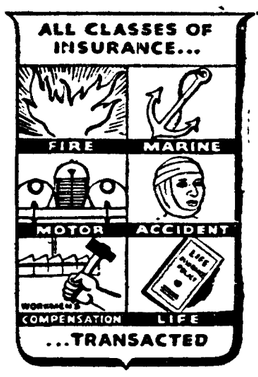

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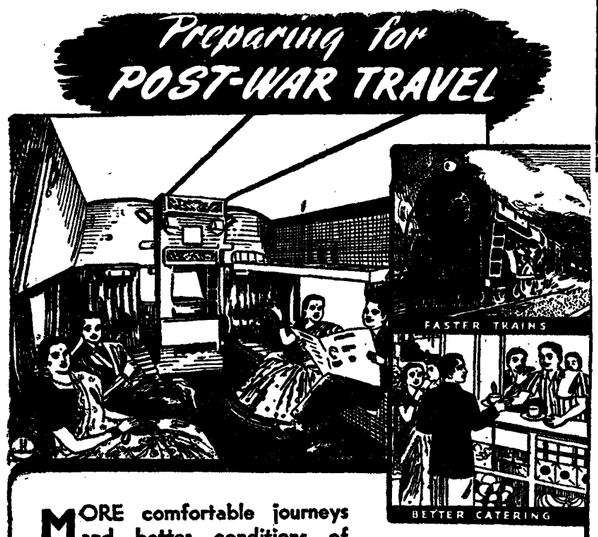

MORE comfortable journeys and better conditions of travel!—What the war-weary public naturally expect and the railways are planning for. Indian Railways' post-war plans envisage re-conditioning of the existing rolling stock, more locomotives, more comfortable carriages, faster trains, better catering and sanitary arrangements and several other measures calculated to provide improved travel amenities to the public.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE ON THURSDAY, 22ND NOVEMBER, 1945, AT 3 P.M. AT THE SALE ROOM OF THE UNDERSIGNED:—

A collection of Chinese hand made embroidered Cheffoo work rich table and other linen:—Sets of table cloth and handkerchieves. Luncheon sets, bed spreads, extra large size silk bed spreads, table cloth and napkins; pillow cases, nursery bed sheets and other linen sets in varieties.

Miscellaneous articles and furniture:—Glassware, plated tea and icecream sets, porcelain tea set, manicure and dressing cases, E. table lamps, book cases, writing tables, D. R. sofas and easy chairs, almyrah, bedstead, Columbia coal stove, L. suit cases, apparels, wash hand basin, etc.

One Kashmere walnut wood fully carved and spray painted dining set:—Oval table, 8 chairs, side board and stands.

A lot of Kashmere stones set necklaces, pins, bracelets, earrings, brooches, etc.

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AUCTION SALE OF M.T. VEHICLE PARTS, DRUMS, SCRAPS, ETC.

By order of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals), Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, 28th and THURSDAY, 29th November, 1945 at 10 A.M. (S.T.) at Port Salvage Depot, Haji Bunder, Sewri, big lots 40/45 gal. Drums, tins, aluminium and steel scrap, wheels, axels, bolts and other M. T. V. parts, engines, etc.

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CRAWFORD & CO.,
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AUCTION SALE OF 3 MOTOR BUSES.

Under instructions from the Dy Commissioner of Police M. V. and Taxation Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 28th November 1945 at 11 A.M. (S.T.) at Motor Vehicles Dept. compound, Gymnasium Road, opp new C.I.D. Building.

1 Morris Commercial 1940 Model 138" Wheel base, Bus Body.
1 Chevrolet 1938 Model 123" Wheel base Delivery Van Body Commercial Chassis.
1 Chevrolet 1938 Model 158" Wheel base, Bus Body.

Terms Cash. On view.

BENNETT & CO.

British Reds Campaign For Cease Fire In Java

HUNDREDS CROWD COMMONS LOBBY, DISTRIBUTE HANDBILLS

Former Filipino Guerillas Joining Indonesians

LONDON, Nov. 19. (Reuter): Several hundred Communists and other members of public to-day lobbied members of Parliament, mainly Labour back-benchers, in pursuit of a campaign for "cease fire in Java", cables Fraser Wighton, Reuter's Political Correspondent.

The central lobby of the House of Commons was bright with scarlet ties and among those lobbied were Mr. Tom Driberg, just back from S.E.A.C. Flying Officer N. H. Lever and Major W. Vernon.

The lobbyists claim to be satisfied with their reception. They also attempted to obtain the support of visitors entering the House. Handbills headed "stop fighting in the Far East" and asking why British troops should be called on to fight for "the rich of France and Holland" were distributed.

WOMEN AND CHILDREN SLAUGHTERED.

COLOMBO, Nov. 19.: Details of massacre of about 150 women and children near Dharmo, Java have been supplied by eye-witnesses who recently escaped from Indonesian extremists.

On October 29, a convoy of army trucks carrying about 160 women and children, remnants of several hundred civil internees who were being evacuated from the area, was stopped by a roadblock. The convoy commander, who tried to remove it, was shot and the vehicles machine-gunned. A small guard fought for two hours until they were overpowered.

Handgrenades were thrown into the vehicles and six were set on fire with women and children inside. Their screams could be heard above the noise of the firing. Two women and two children were seen being killed by swordthrusts.

COLONIALS THRILLED BY INDONESIANS' STAND

Aghast At Betrayal By Labour Party Of Principle Of Self-Determination

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 (Reuter).—W. Algernon Crawford, Editor of the "Barbados Observer," President of the West Indian National Congress and Member of the Barbados House of Assembly, writing in the United States newspaper "P.M." says: "Colonials are thrilled by the magnificent effort the Indonesians are making for sovereign independence and are aghast at the betrayal by Britain's ruling Labour Party of the principle of self-determination of colonial peoples.

"While in wilderness, the Labour Party preached long and loudly in condemnation of imperialism and repeatedly pledged support for colonial struggle for independence and self-government. Its record in the current struggle in Indonesia smells to high of heaven.

"The present British Government has proclaimed the intention of acceding our request for federation and self-Government.

"The issue is being pushed rapidly to a practical stage. What will be the outcome if Dutch Guiana and Curacao were infected by the germs of self-Government from the Colonies which surround them and clamour for a similar status? There is no knowing to what monstrosity this marriage of convenience between the British and the Dutch Empires may give birth."

FILIPINO'S HELP

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19. (U.P.A.): The Resident Commissioner's Office Bulletin to-day disclosed that former Filipino guerrillas are now making arrangements to join the Indonesians in their fight for freedom. The Bulletin said that a group of youths, from eighteen to twenty-five years old, have arrived in Manila and are "trying to get in touch with Indonesian nationalists particularly Dr. Soekarno. They firmly believe that the Indonesians, like the Filipines, should be freed from Dutch and foreign exploitations and imperialism."

City Workers Observe Indonesia Day

Bombay workers demonstrated their solidarity with the Indonesian struggle for freedom by holding protest demonstrations in observance of Indonesia Day. The call was given by the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress and Bombay Committee of the Communist Party of India.

Over 43,000 workers from Textile Mills and other Factories struck work in protest against the British policy of suppression of Indonesian Movement. As a result of this more than ten (10) mills, six (6) Engineering and Chemical factories had to be closed down. Students from six Municipal Schools in the working class area observed complete hartal. In the morning the whole working class area presented scenes of enthusiasm, when thousands of workers paraded and marched through streets displaying Red Banners and placards demanding withdrawal of Indian troops from Indonesia. There were three such processions.

In the evening workers from various Engineering shops and from the Race Course marched to DeLisle Road Maidan where a workers' rally was held under the Presidentship of Mr. R. K. Bhogle, the President of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union. Several Trade Unions participated in it.

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"OTOGEN" was tried in SWITZERLAND upon an emaciated male patient aged above 100 years. Only by one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation that patient of 100 years age gained the health of a 30 years young man and has recently married a young wife. The actors and actresses of HOLLYWOOD are active young looking, and charming by the use of this medicine even at an advanced age of 80 and 90 years and they are enthusiastically working on the stages. The use of "OTOGEN" by females in their prime of life guarantees up to the last days of life never-fading charms of youth and preserves school-girl complexion all along. For Males in their period of youth, Otogen wards off premature old age, retains the jet black hair, a bloomy face and a robust health throughout and makes one feel and look several years younger than the actual age.

"OTOGEN" was once put in a glass tumbler for a long time and that GLASS TUMBLER turned to be an unbreakable one and could not actually be broken to pieces though severe strokes had been blown on the same. It has been tested and approved by thousands and thousands in ENGLAND and is now available in India. Commence taking "OTOGEN" immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Moreover, before commencing the test, weigh yourself, look in the mirror and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel, and appreciate the effects of taking "OTOGEN"

In order to popularise "OTOGEN" in India, the price is to be Rs. 5/- only for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 30 will be charged. Order to-day, for to-morrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of war conditions.

GUARANTEE.—A Cash Reward of £500 shall be awarded to any scientist or medical man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our most wonderful invention.

NOTE:—Unlike other Rejuvenators 'Otogen' is the only one of its kind which yields equally splendid results even in the EXTREMES OF HEAT OF TROPICAL SUMMERS as in winter or any other mild and temperate climate.

Under the burning heat of summer Sun WHEN YOU ARE AT ZERO, OTOGEN IS ALSO AN EXCELLENT RESTORATIVE.

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SOME OF OUR USERS

- American Telegraph and Telephone Company, New York (who operate 70% of the telephones in the world), preserve hundreds of thousands of poles.
- The Government of Mysore have preserved several lakhs of railway sleepers and over a lakh of wooden poles with Ascu Wood Preservative for telephones, and electrical transmission and distribution.
- The Government of Travancore have preserved all their State telephone and electrical poles.
- The Governments of Madras and the Punjab have their own Ascu pressure treating plants and have preserved several thousand junglewood poles with Ascu.
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Sole Agents:
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ASCU.R-6

SWEEPERS' STRIKE IN GOVT. CHAWLS

Statement Of Bombay Sweepers' Union

Mr. Jhabvala, the Hon. Adviser of the Bombay Sweepers' Union, states as follows as regards the sweepers' strike in the Government Chawls at Worli, Naigaon, DeLisle Road and Sewree:

In view of the Government Press Notes issued on Monday and the Bombay Municipal Corporation's meeting to be held on Thursday the 22nd, the following point of view is required to be made so as to clear misconceptions.

For some years past the sweepers individually and independently and for some months past the Bombay Sweepers' Union collectively have been demanding their right of being "permanent" so that they may receive benefits underlying such permanancy, whenever they have deserved to be raised to the position of permanancy after putting a number of years' service the maximum to-day being 18 years. This was our first demand.

Secondly we demanded increase in staff, for ever since the outbreak of war the population of Bombay has considerably increased and the "cutchra" dumped has also proportionately increased but there was no proportionate increase in the staff. Such increase has also been necessitated by requirement of leave privileges, which have been denied for months together, because of paucity of numbers.

NO MATERNITY BENEFITS

Thirdly no maternity leave is granted to women only because they are still supposed to be on the temporary list in spite of their having put in a number of years of service and having deserved permanency. No worker is given maternity benefits.

Fourthly our desire is to level women's wages upto those of the men, for sweeping and scavenging are jobs where women do not hold inferiority, in executing their duties, to men. They are even better in the task. Our Union demands that at least their wages should be equalized with the men's wages.

REPLY TO GRIEVANCES

There are other minor demands as well namely about uniforms and small tyrannies of Supervisors and others. Our Union time and again complained both orally and in writing and exhausted all constitutional measures. The utmost that Government did was that they promised to consider the question under dispute but "not for the present."

The Union long deliberated over the question and after repeated mass meetings took a ripened decision of ceasing to work of which due notice was given, whereafter also at Government's request we postponed the date of action and yet we further postponed out of respect for Government and the sense of duty to the public, but the sweepers and the scavengers refused to extend their trust any longer in Government's word for "for the present" would never terminate.

GOVERNMENT ADAMANT

The representatives of the Bombay Sweepers' Union have had conferences with the Advisor to His Excellency the Governor but no fruitful purpose has yet been served. Our workers have been seriously disappointed at the Government's attitude. The Union proposed a 'via media' but Government remained adamant. Their attitude is that the sweepers must trust Government's word while the Union can no longer have that trust, the patience of the sweepers has been exhausted.

It is regretted that suited to the times in the spirit of the Government of Great Britain, which is Labour, the Bombay Government would not accept even the 'via media'. Therefore the Union's call has been "Do or die."

INACCURATE BROADCASTS FROM AUSTRALIA

Mountbatten's Protest Prompts Step To Prevent Repetition

MELBOURNE, Nov. 19. (Reuter): In connection with Admiral Mountbatten's protest against an "inaccurate and damaging" broadcast put out under the auspices of the Commonwealth Ministry of Information, "Sydney Sun's" Canberra correspondent reported to-day that in future all shortwave broadcasts will be examined by responsible officers to see that they contain nothing that can be interpreted as an official viewpoint.

Mr. Arthur A Calwell, Minister of Information, and Mr. Norman J. Makin, Action Minister for External Affairs, were reported to be in conference to-day and are understood to have received instructions from Mr. J. B. Chifley, the Prime Minister, that there must be no more broadcasts criticising British or American policy.

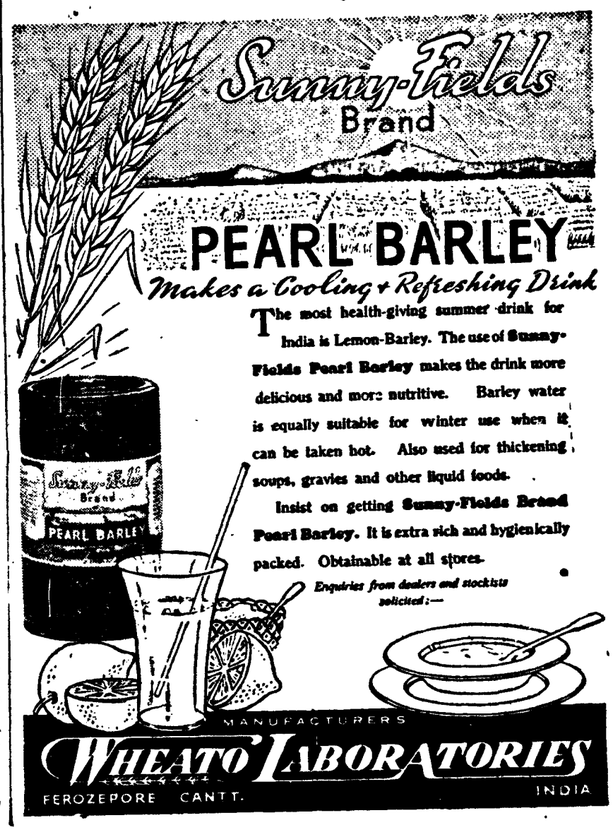
An army spokesman said to-day that broadcasts were published in Ceylon as official and outsiders would take them as official Government policy.

Siddapur Village Wins Sykes Shield

The Sir Frederick Sykes Village Improvement Challenge Shield for the best improvement work carried out in a village in the Southern Division during 1944, has been awarded to Averguppa, in the Siddapur taluka of Kanara district.

LATE H. C. MUKUND

Mr. Harischandra Mukund alias Abasaheb Khandke, a partner in Messrs. Bhawoo Kashinath and Co., Government Clothing Contractors, Bombay, died of heart failure at Panchgani at the age of 49 on Thursday.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Insist on getting Sunny-Fields Brand Pearl Barley. It is extra rich and hygienically packed. Obtainable at all stores.
Enquiries from dealers and stockists solicited:—
PEARL BARLEY
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SATURDAY, 24th, 9-30 A.M.
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ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Drawing Capacity Crowds
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 P.M.
Sat. Sun. Mat. 1 P.M.

AMAR PICTURE'S Grand Epic

Ratnavali

Producer: Director:
SURENDRA DESAI, M.A.
Music: GOVIND RAM.
SURENDRA ✦ RATNAMALA
USHA MANTRI, K. N. SINGH, MAYA BANNERJI.
Advance Booking:
10 to 11-30 & 4-30 to 6.
AT
LAMINGTON
AN 'EXCELLENT' RELEASE.

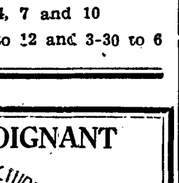
MAINTAINING 1st WEEK POPULARITY IN 4th WEEK!
MINERVA'S Mammoth Hit
EK-DIN KA SULTAN
Direction SOHRAB MODI — Starring MEHTAB
Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6 p.m.
Daily 4, 7, 10. Sun. Hol. 1 p.m.
NEW WEST END

RANJIT'S
MUMTAZ MAHAL
KHURSHID, CHANDRAMOHAN
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
Matinee on Sun. 1-15
Royal Opera House

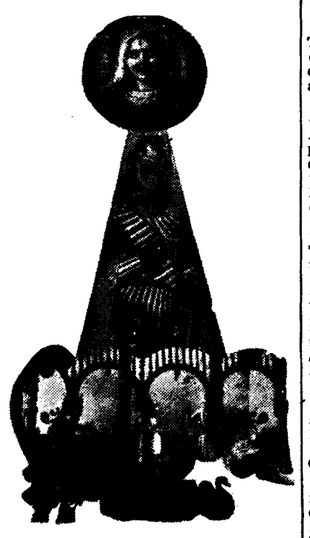
UNDEFEATED WARRIOR
11 th Week
Maharathi
KARNA
Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun. and Holi. Matinee 1-15 p.m.
SWASTIK (PATHE)
Now a 'GITA MANDIR'

TAGORE WEEK
From 30th Nov., to 6th December
Organised by
TAGORE SOCIETY
(1) THE UNTOUCHABLE MAID, on 30th, 2nd and 4th at 6-15 p.m.
(2) THE KINGDOM OF CARDS, on 1st at 6-15 p.m. On 2nd at 9-30 p.m. on 5th at 6-15 p.m.
(3) SHYAMA (in Bengali), on 3rd and 6th at 6-15 p.m.
at
CAPITOL
THEATRE
Advance Booking from Sat. from 10 to 12 and 4 to 6 p.m.
Rates: 10, 7, 5 and 2.
Tickets can be had from Comilla Banking Corp. and Fellowship High School
Few Donation Cards Reserved Rs. 100 and above are available

A Song-Filled Soul-Stirring Picture !
JAYANT DESAI'S
TADBIR
Starring: SAIGAL.
Daily 4, 7, 10; Sun. Hol. 1 P.M.
Plans Open: 10 to 12, 4 to 6 p.m.
KRISHNA
A Lucky Film Exchange Release.

HIS *LOVE*
prompted him to DARE ...
the LION in his DEN ...
the KING became a JUGGLER ...
MURLI MOVIETONE'S
AMRAPALI

PREM ADIB — SABITA DEVI Jeevan — Arun — Badriprasad
Director: NANDLAL JASWANTLAL
3 THIRD WEEK
'RADIUM' Release
ROXY
Daily 4, 7 and 10
Boooking 9-30 to 12 and 3-30 to 6

UNEQUALLED FOR ITS POIGNANT PATHOS!
Producers
SHIRAZ ALI HAKIM
RAMZAN ALI F. LAKHANI
Directed by
SHAUKAT HUSSAIN
Story and Dialogues
VAZAHAT MIRZA
Daily: 4, 7, 10.
Sat. Sun. 1 p. m.
Plans open:
9 to 11, 1 to 6 p. m.
A 'SALMA TALKIES DISTRIBUTORS' Release
EASTERN PICTURES
ZEENAT
Starring NOORJEHAN, Yakub, Dixit, Bibbo, Karan Diwan and SHAHNAWAZ
SUPER

THIS IS THE PICTURE YOU HAVE BEEN LONG WAITING FOR

VEER KUNAL
Produced, written and directed by KISHORE SAHU
Starring
Shobhana Samarth, Kishore Sahu, Durga Khote
From 1st DEC. at **NOVELTY**
Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
Sun. and Holidays at 1 p.m.

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KAISE KAHUN?
DALSUKH PANCHOLI Production
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* Ragini,
* Najmal,
* Akhtar,
* Jagirdar,
* Ajmal,
* Pran and
* Durgamota.

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MARCHING song of LIBERTY!
New Theatres' Matchless Hit!
HAMRAHI
Direction & Screenplay: BIMOL ROY
Daily: 4, 7, & 10 p. m.
MINERVA Sun. at 1 p.m.
(Ad. Booking:— 10 to 12)

SANSAD KALAKENDRA
EXHIBITION
Open to Public extended upto Wed 21st Nov. from 9 a.m. to 12 noon and 3 p.m. to 7 p.m. at BHARATIYA VIDYA BHUVAN, Harvey Road, Gamdevi.
Specimen of Leather work Batik and Abhla work will be presented.

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THE PREMIER TRADING Co.,
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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Kartik Vad 2, 2002.
Muslim: Zilhaj 15, 1364.
Parsi: Khordad 19, 1315.
Sunrise: 6-49 A.M.; Sunset 6-0 P.M.
Hightied: 0.54, 12.42; Lowtide: 6.54, 18.53.

To-day's Engagements

INDIAN ECOLOGICAL SOCIETY: The Biological Exhibition of the Society will be open to the public to-day (Wednesday) from 4-30 to 7 p.m. at a nominal fee.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: In view of forthcoming elections to Central Assembly and in keeping with non-party policy of the Group, the three candidates from the Bombay Constituency Mr. M. R. Masani, Dr. G. V. Deshmukh and Mr. K. H. Dhamdhere have been invited to speak on "What We Stand For" at Green's to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. They will answer any questions put to them after the speeches.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Short talk on "Three Objects of Theosophical Movement" followed by questions and answers to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opp. Flora Fountain.

MANDVI CONGRESS COMMITTEE: Meeting of Congress workers at 6-30 p.m. to-day (Wednesday) at Masjid Bunder Road, in Chinai Bldg., to discuss arrangement for Central Assembly election work.

PROF. TEJ RAJENDRA SINGH'S fourth music concert in aid of School of Music and Art at the Blavatsky Lodge to-day at 6 p.m., in which Miss Anwarbai and Miss Gulzarbai Gulzarbai will participate.

SHIVAJI PARK CHARKHA SANGH: A meeting of the Congress workers of the Dadar area will be held on Wednesday the 21st inst. at 9 p.m. in Meena House, plot No. 132, Road No. 2, Shivaji Park.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: To-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School ground floor Hall, Wandby Road. Dasturji Bode will reply to all questions on Religious, Spiritual and Ethical subjects.

FREE HEALTH FILM EXHIBITION: Under the auspices of the Publicity Section, Health Department, Bombay Municipality, a Health Education and Cultural Film Exhibition, free to the public, at Narayan Dhuru St., Playground, Pydhownie to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m.

BOMBAY TAMIL SANGHAM: A talk by Mr. T. V. Audikesavalu on "Hindi Literature Short Stories" at Sangham premises, to-day 9-00 p.m.

RAMANA SATCHIDANANDA SAMAJ: Birthday Jayanti of H. H. Swayamprakasa Avadhoota Swamigal of Sendamangalam at Samaj premises, Bhuta Niwas, King's Circle, Matunga, to-day (Wednesday) from 7 to 11 p.m.

PHYSICAL TRAINING CLASSES: The Bombay Students' Congress proposed to start physical training classes in the city. Students will be trained by experts for two weeks. Inquire at the office (42, Kennedy Bridge) between 6 and 7 p.m.

'A' WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE: All volunteers and workers of the 'A' Ward D. C. C. are requested to be present at the Ward Office every day evening at 7 to attend to the work in connection with the Central Assembly elections.

DONATION FOR FORT ARYA SAMAJ

Prof. N. G. Rao of English Tailoring College, Princess Street, Bombay 2, has donated Rs. 5,000 and a plot of land (admeasuring 20 acres) at Moodbirdi to the Arya Samaj, Fort, Bombay, for the purpose of propagation of Vedic Dharma in South Kanara.

"PLAY THE GAME" ALWAYS SAYS CITY MAYOR

"I want you, wherever you may be, either at school or after your scholastic career, to play the game".

Thus declared the Mayor of Bombay, Dr. J. Alban D'Souza, at the annual interhouse sports of the St. Mary's (English) High School, Bombay on Sunday. Mrs. D'Souza gave away the trophies to the successful competitors. The Mayor congratulated the school authorities upon their excellent record during the past year, and exhorted the pupils always to behave in the manner in which they did on the sporting field that day.

Earlier, the Rev. Father T. Molina S. J., welcoming the Mayor and Mrs. D'Souza, gave a brief account of the activities of the school, and eulogized the services being rendered to the city by the Mayor.

Mr. K. D. Umrigar, Vice-President of the Parents' Association of the School, proposing a vote of thanks to the Mayor said that that was the fifth occasion on which the association had associated itself with the function, which was the "piece de resistance" of the school's activities during the year.

Famous Persian Musician For Bombay

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Badizideh, the famous Persian musician will arrive with his orchestra in city, to-morrow by Frontier Mail from Delhi. He is expected to stage a number of concerts in course of time.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 21.
BOMBAY—1

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8.0 a.m. News (H) 8.15 News (E) 8-30 Qutubuddin 8.45 Shreeedhar Parsekar 8-50 News (M) 9.0 News (G) 9-10 Programme Parade 9.15 B. D. Wadikar 9-45 Folk Songs.

12.30 Gujarati Garbe 12-45 News 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 Variety 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour 2-30 Lunch. 4-30 School Broadcast 5.0 Swarupini Shrinivasan 5-15 P. P. Nippanikar 5-35 M. L. Khan Adeel 5-45 Topical Talk 5.55 Locals 6.0 Yeshwant Lolekar 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 Swarupini Shrinivasan 7-0 Adabi Milap 7.15 M. L. Khan Adeel 7-30 Marathi Programme 8.0 Music from the Film 8.15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 Qutubuddin 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Viola 9.45 I Recall the Days 10.0 AIR Orchestra 10.15 Qutubuddin 10-30 B. D. Wadikar.

DON'T MISLEAD PARSI VOTERS!

B. F. Bharucha Puts Some Straight Questions To Mr. Noshir Bharucha

Mr. B. F. Bharucha writes:—

Mr. Noshir Bharucha, Advocate who amongst others did his best to bring Parsis on the Electoral Rolls is now misusing his position and misleading Parsi voters to an extent to which no other Parsi has ever gone.

In the Parsi Press he has been urging on the Parsi voters not to give their votes to the Congress candidates. Dr. Deshmukh and Sri Minoo Masani; but to give both their votes to the Hindu Sabha candidate. Not content with this Press propaganda he has reprinted his press appeal which is sent to every Parsi voter along with the Manifesto of the Hindu Mahasabha candidate.

He then goes a step further and advertises for fifty Parsi paid canvassers for the coming elections. And a good number of them are said to be despatched to various Parsi colonies to carry on his anti-Congress campaign.

This is most regrettable, reprehensible and derogatory to the cause of inter-communal unity. It is this perverse attitude of Mr. Noshir Bharucha that has led me to the painful duty of asking him these.

STRAIGHT QUESTIONS

(1) Why do you mislead the Parsi voters by telling them that as the Congress stands for Independence and Quit India Resolution those who vote for the Congress candidates are tacitly pledged to these resolutions?

(2) Is the Hindu Mahasabha opposed to Quit India Resolution or to Independence? No. Then why do you try so hard to scare away and mislead the Parsi voters in this fashion?

(3) Are you the standing counsel of the Hindu Mahasabha? Or its Agent in the coming election?

(4) Or are you the principal Agent of the Hindu Mahasabha candidate?

(5) If not, why should you have advertised for fifty paid Parsi canvassers for the election work? And why should you have deputed a good number of them for anti-Congress campaign?

(6) Is it a fact that either you Mr. Noshir Bharucha or some of your friends are standing for the Provincial Council and that you are preparing your ground by condemning the Congress from now?

(7) Have you reached a pact with the Sabha for Central and Provincial Elections for mutual help?

(8) Are you thus serving the city, or our community or our country—by these vote catching tactics and devices of yours?

No. Mr Noshir Bharucha, no. These are clever but not convincing and not patriotic at all. You may have sad experience of some Congressmen in the Corporation but you cannot and should not carry your bitterness and hostility against the Congress to this extent.

Today you are gravely disturbing the harmonious relations that subsist between the Parsis and the Congress. So desist from your ruinous campaign. Mr. N. B.!

Mr. Jinnah's Election Campaign

The Propaganda Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League, writes:—

The following centres have been opened in connection with the election campaign launched by the Bombay Provincial Muslim League for the forthcoming elections to the Central Legislative Assembly to be held on 27th instant. Mr. M. M. Killedar has been in charge with 4 secretaries to assist him in his work—Messrs. Husein A. Beg Mohamed, Mohamedbhai Bandukwala, Sultan Nathani and Mohamed Haneef Maniar. The head office is situated at Baig Mohamed High School, Minera Masjid, Mohamedali Road, Bombay and Telephone No. is 24853.

Workers and voters are requested to note the following centres in the respective wards with their addresses where information and or electoral rolls are available any time during office hours:—

A Ward. (Tel. No. 35327). I. D. Longi, Esq., Opp. Regal Cinema Museum. Working hours: 10 a.m. to 8 p.m. B Ward. District Muslim League. Fatmabai Building, 1st Floor, Nakhooda Mohalla. Office hours: 10 a.m. to 9 p.m. C Ward. Social Group Office, Ali Umer Street. Office hours: Open 24 hours. D Ward. District Muslim League, Bapty Road West, near Inam Stable. E Ward. E Ward District Muslim League, 3rd Peer Khan Street, Nagpada. Office hours:: 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. F Ward. F Ward District Muslim League, Dadar Main Road, Mohamedi Manzil, Dadar. G Ward: India Goat Skin Corporation, Dharavi, Bombay 17. G Ward Primary Muslim League, near Mahim Durgah, Natalwala Building, Mahim, Bombay. Office hours: 5 p.m. to 12 p.m.

BOHRA CENTRES.

Mr. M. Bandukwalla, (Tel. No. 34944). 161, Panjika Street. Hizbui Huda. (Tel. No. 44253). Bhendy Bazar, Bombay. Office hours: Open 24 hours.

The members of the following prominent Jamats and Associations have also taken up the election work under their own patronage and guidance and have been carrying on work well:

1. Khoja Ishna Ashari Jamat. 2. Khoja Ismaili Jamat. 3. Bohra community. 4. Kokni Jamat. 5. Kutchi Memon Jamat. 6. Momin Jamat. 7. Halai Memon Jamat. 8. Arabs. 9. Iranians. 10. Moghuls. 11. Maniar Jamat.

MARRIAGE POSTPONED.

Owing to unforeseen circumstances the wedding of Kumari INDIRA DEVI, daughter of Raja Dhanrajgirji stands POSTPONED to 1st December at Hyderabad Deccan.

Secretary DHANRAJGIRJI.

A BOON TO CHILDREN!
BALSATHI
Best cure for all diseases of children used throughout India for the last 30 years. Sold at all Chemists or write to:—
VAIDYA JAGANNATH G.,
Varadh Office, NADIAD

Enchanting...
PERFUMES
White Rose — Fresh and delicate as morning dews.
Victoria Rose — Fragrance of alluring Bosora Rose.
Damask Rose — The finest Rose with rich Oriental Tone.
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P. M. BAGCHI & CO., LTD. CALCUTTA.

I like my *tenors...*

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5 Annas per packet, the price is exclusive of LOCAL or provincial Taxations.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"It is my sincere belief that all men on earth—whether they live in the East or in the West and whatever the colour of their skin may be—will some day be linked together in close fellowship like members of one family. World war is indivisible, and world peace, too, is indivisible. It has encouraged international understanding and mutual trust, which will serve as a powerful barrier against future wars."

—Chiang-Kai-Shek.

The Bombay Chronicle

A LUKEWARM FRIEND

Lord Strabolgi, whose interest in India is as well-known as that of many other British Labour leaders, has good reason to believe that a League of self-governing Asiatic nations, with India as a prominent member of it could play a great part in the future development of the United Nations Organisation and in shaping a new world order. Is it for that very reason that Britain is hindering self-government in India, Burma, Ceylon, Indo-China and Indonesia? Lord Strabolgi expresses alarm at Pandit Jawaharlal suggesting the possibility of a new revolt in India to win freedom. Why should he be alarmed if he is earnest about India's freedom? If it is conceded soon, Indians will not be so foolish as to raise a superfluous revolt. If it is not does Lord Strabolgi suggest that India will or should take that lying down? To show that another revolt is utterly unnecessary now or hereafter he says that a large majority in the present Parliament "is completely sympathetic to India's national aspirations" and the Government is responsible to it. But in the same breath he weakens his own case by adding that "Britain is hearing very little about India". Are not the Labour Party and the Labour Government at all responsible for the black-out of Indian news? If the British Government is indifferent about Indian freedom, Indians have to do things for themselves in a way the British will not fail to hear about. That is all that Pandit Jawaharlal says about the possibility of another revolt. And he speaks for the country.

Lord Strabolgi is not in a hurry about a National Government at the Centre, and he is completely silent on the continuance of the Governor's autocracy in the Congress provinces. He would have National Central Government only after the elections. One can appreciate his anxiety that the Government should be representative of the principal parties in the country. But when he says that, "if only the two main communities in India can agree together in a constitution, neither this nor any other British Government would refuse it", one wonders if Lord Strabolgi too in common with Mr. Attlee and others is introducing a snag in the Cripps offer which we are told still stands, a snag which was not in the original offer itself. That offer stipulated that the Government would implement the decision of the Constituent Assembly and nothing was added to restrict the decision so as to demand either a specific majority or communal agreement. If any restriction is now at all desired, let it be honestly, directly and publicly stated.

With regard to the States Lord Strabolgi's suggestion is more intriguing. He says: "I believe it would be an act of statesmanship on behalf of Indian leaders in framing their constitution to be generous to the Indian States which are an integral part of India and have their own life and traditions. It would be good in the long run if their position were safeguarded". If by the States he means the people of the States, his suggestion is superfluous. Nobody has suggested anything that would deny them their full democratic rights. If he means the Princes, their continued autocracy is impossible. If Lord Strabolgi wants to safeguard it, let him at least say so. The people in the States as in the provinces, are agreed that the Rulers of the larger States may continue as constitutional rulers. Speaking generally, Mr. Shankerrao Deo voiced the feeling in the Congress when in his presidential speech at the Phaltan States People's Conference he said: "Indian States would exist only if they took part in and sympathised with India's struggles for freedom carried on by the Indian National Congress. If they sided with British Imperialists, they would perish. They must boldly tell the Paramount Power that the Rulers recognised the Paramountcy of their people and not at all of the British Power". British Labour leaders will help both India and their own country if they support Congress or act up to their own professed ideals.

Plight Of Korea

Unless the Governments of the United States and Soviet Russia arrive at a speedy agreement mutually to cease from making the people of Korea pawns in the game of their own politico ideological rivalries, civil war of a deplorable kind is bound to break out in the near future in that unhappy land. Though four decades of slavery to the Japanese have at last come to an end, the Koreans are still finding themselves not free to set their own house in order—thanks to their self-appointed liberators, the Americans and Russians! Each of them has set up its own zone of occupation, for the convenience not of the liberated people, but to suit the plans it has drawn up in conformity with its own conception of "trusteeship" of Asiatic peoples. The Americans do not want the Koreans to go "Left", while the Russians are equally concerned to see that they do not go "Right". In this tug of war between the two "trustees", the Korean wards are coming to find that the dawn of their freedom, which they had fondly imagined was about to break at last, is still as far off as ever.

It is no wonder that the Koreans as a whole are now demanding that both the "trustees" should clear out of their land and leave the people to solve their problems as best as they can. If the American Government is sincere in its professions of sympathy towards the Koreans and wants them really to become a free nation, it should, as suggested by Mr. Oswald Garrison Villard, ask for the immediate admission of Korea to the United Nations and convey a plain hint to Russia that Korea must be freed of all foreign control by a fixed date. We do not think that Russia will prove such a stumbling-block to Korea independence as Mr. Villard and others of his way of thinking fear. The American Government's apprehensions appear to arise not so much out of Russia's attitude towards Korean independence as out of America's own knowledge of the present trend of political feeling among the vast majority of Koreans. That feeling, evidently, is showing strong leanings towards republicanism and socialism, and this is hardly relished by governmental-cum-capitalistic circles in America which have been setting a great score by the extensive field which Korea will provide for commercial and industrial exploitation at the hands of Americans. A socialist Korea will shelter such a fond dream and play into the hands of Soviet Russia more than of any other Western nation. America wants to prevent such a "catastrophe" and is, therefore, trying to delay the dawn of Korean freedom as best and as long as she can, by bringing into existence a Rightist Government, though it may wholly lack popular support. But such a Government cannot last long and if it should persist in flouting public opinion it is certain to precipitate a civil war. It is pertinent to ask, therefore, whether the part America is playing in Korea by dictating to the Koreans what sort of Government they should have, is creditable to a nation which boasts of being the greatest democracy of the world to-day.

Frankly Speaking

Deccan Education Society

The Fergusson College and its parent body, the Deccan Education Society, both of Poona, which are celebrating their Diamond Jubilee, are historic institutions in Maharashtra and are associated with stirring memories. They were started and built up by leaders like Lokamanya Tilak, G. K. Gokhale and Justice Ranade with the object of spreading modern higher education and through it also national consciousness. The Raja Saheb of Sangli, Senior Vice-President of the Society, rightly remarked that the Ferguson College had been widely acclaimed as "an early monument of renascent Indian nationalism." It has also provided a model for many other educational institutions founded in the Bombay Presidency during recent years. The Deccan Education Society itself now maintains eleven big eucadtional institutions. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, who presided over the Jubilee celebrations at Poona last week, while paying just tribute to the splendid work done by the Society and its colleges, strongly maintained that, quite apart from the cultural value of education, it should be related to the economic life of the country and that educated men should be able to earn their own livelihood. He hoped the new University would consider how best to give a vocational bias to the present university education. The Deccan Education Society itself has recently undertaken schemes of technical education and has issued an appeal to the public for funds for the purpose. As there is need and scope for considerable industrial development in Maharashtra and as the proposed Maharashtra University will not be complete without a well developed department of technical education, we trust the Society's appeal for funds will meet with generous response.

Deplorable Callousness

Replying to a question in the Commons urging a general amnesty for political prisoners, Mr. Henderson, Under-Secretary for India, said that the number of political detainees "had diminished still further since his previous reply on October 15 and the process of examination and release was being carried on by the authorities in India as practicably as possible." Presumably, the Under-Secretary was too ashamed to disclose the number of detainees released since October 15. If he were not well-informed he would and should have said so. Nor is it clear whether he was referring only to United Provinces or to all political prisoners. It is a thousand pities that a Labour Government is so complacent, if not callous, about thousands being still held prisoners, either without a trial or on conviction for purely technical offences. The talk of progressive examination and release strikes one as only a joke when no releases are announced in a whole month. If the Government has any sense of justice or fairness, why can it not appoint tribunal of retired high court judges to expedite the process of re-examination—or perhaps a judicial examination for the first time?

Nationalisation Scheme

According to Mr. Herbert Morrison, the Labour Government is determined to put its plans of nationalisation of some of the key industries and services of the country into effect steadily during the life-time of the present Parliament. The nationalisation of the Bank of England, which is about to become a "fait accompli" immediately is to be followed by the nationalisation of coal mining. Apparently, the colliery owners have reconciled themselves to the fate which is about to overtake them, for one does not hear of the possibility of any serious trouble coming from their side. For one thing, the very generous—not to say over-generous—terms of compensation offered to the shareholders of the Bank of England will no doubt have convinced the mining interests that they will be amply compensated for the loss of their proprietory rights in any scheme of nationalisation. Secondly, the colliery interests must be realising that it would be perfectly futile for them to hope that the Labour Government could be deterred by any means within their power from putting into effect its plan of nationalisation of the industry. Similarly, the official plans for the nationalisation of the railways, canals, electric supply, gas industry and so on are bound to meet with little opposition if the Government shows sufficient courage. The Government has announced that it is not contemplating at present the nationalisation of the shipping industry. Both the magnitude of the industry and the extreme complexity of the problems connected with it must have made the Government realise that it would be going out of its depths if it proceeded to tackle the question at present.

Legalizing General Strike

The pledge given by the British Labour Party at the time of the last general elections that it would take early measures to repeal the obnoxious Trades Disputes Act of 1927 is to be carried out. The Act, which had been placed on the statute book by the Conservative Government of the day in the teeth of the opposition by the British working classes, had sought to curtail the freedom of the latter by penalising general strikes and forbidding civil servants to join an industrial strike. It had also made it an offence for any local authority to refuse to employ anyone on the score that such a person did not belong to a trade union. All these restrictions are to be done away with and the working classes, if the proposed legislation goes through Parliament—as it is bound to, with the overwhelming Labour majority—will again be free to make the fullest use of the weapon of strike to enforce their rights. The Conservatives will, no doubt, try to raise a scare over the issue by telling the British public that the weapon of industrial strikes will henceforth be increasingly used by the working classes for political ends throwing the country into turmoil. But it is extremely doubtful if such tactics will succeed, since the British public have by now taken a full measure of the inaptitude of the Conservative rank and file and their inability to secure social security for all classes of the people.

Pakistan Will Strengthen Chains Of Slavery!

"If You Want Kisan-Mazdoor Raj In India, Vote For Azad Muslims", Says Nurie

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, November 20.

Addressing a Muslim gathering under the auspices of the Momin Ansar Jamat, Mr. M. Y. Nurie, former Minister, Govt. of Bombay, said that Nationalist Muslims who had made sacrifices for the country were today being abused by Leaguers.

I CAN'T WAIT

"So long as the Third Power remains" he said 'neither Muslims nor Hindus are going to be happy.' My reply to Mr. Jinnah is that he can wait for Pakistan but I cannot wait for independence. Pakistan will strengthen the chains of slavery. If you want Kisan and Mazdoor Raj in India, you must vote for Azad Muslims.

STARVATION IN LEAGUE REGIME

"Lakhs of people," he said "died of starvation in Bengal when Muslim League Ministry was in power. I challenge you to show me a single instance of death due to starvation in Congress regime."

AZAD MUSLIMS TO CONTEST EVERY SEAT

Replying to questions from Press representatives, Mr. Nurie said: "I am sure a large number of Muslims will be disassociated from Pakistan as details are coming. Mr. Jinnah has changed his claim that the Muslim League is the sole representative of Muslims. To-morrow he will go down still further. Until now he has taken advantage of our silence. We shall have our candidates for every Muslim seat whatever the results may be.

PAKISTAN BLOCKS ROAD TO FREEDOM

Nurie's Reply To Jinnah's Definition

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 19.

The kind of Pakistan which Mr. Jinnah wants will always keep India in slavery, declared Mr. M. Y. Nurie, former Congress Minister in an interview with the 'Associated Press of India.'

He said: "Pakistan does not solve the question of minorities but aggravates the bitterness which is to-day prevailing between the two major communities, thus necessitating the presence of the British Army in the country."

"Jinnah's conduct throughout very clearly shows that he is against the freedom of the country", added Mr. Nurie, "and is adopting all those tactics by which the freedom of the country is delayed. The Muslims should remember that till the country is free, their fate as a community cannot improve.

It is only in a free country that the social and economic revolution can take place. Such a revolution the Muslim require."

ONLY SLOGANS

The Muslim League during the last eight years or so when it claimed to have the largest following of the Muslims did nothing for the poor Muslims, did not take any active measures to improve their economic and social conditions.

It has merely given them slogans. "I appeal to the Muslims", said Mr. Nurie, "not to be led away by slogans and catchwords but to see what is for their good and for the betterment of the poor and ignorant Muslims."

HOLLOWNESS

Referring to the definition of Pakistan given by Mr. Jinnah, Mr. Nurie said: "Mr. Jinnah has defined his Pakistan for the first time. Though the definition is very vague certain things are very clear. Firstly, he himself is not clear about bringing the western zone of his Pakistan together with the eastern zone under one federation. The example which he cites of the British Empire has no application in this case.

Secondly, those Muslims who thought that Pakistan would give them an Islamic State must have been disillusioned because Mr. Jinnah describes the provinces of Pakistan as Muslim States. There is no difference between these States and the present Muslim State like Bhopal and Hyderabad.

I do not see any advantage in forming such Muslim States.

Thirdly, many Muslims who thought that Pakistan would give them independent sovereign states will also be disillusioned. Mr. Jinnah has not said a word about these states being independent

Lastly, the formation of this Pakistan depends upon the will of the British Government and that of the Congress as stated by Mr. Jinnah himself.

No Pakistan either in isolation or in any other form will come into existence till the country is free. India must be free first and all should fight together to get freedom. If the Muslim League is really serious about Pakistan it should decide first to fight for the freedom of the country. It however appears to be shy of it or afraid of it.

JINNAH'S FEARS

When the Congress starts a struggle for the freedom of the country, Mr. Jinnah at once calls it a struggle against the Muslims, and condemns it instead of supporting it. But strangely, he supports to-day the movement of the Azad Hind Fouj called the I.N.A. started for the freedom of the country practically at the same time. One fails to understand how he can support the movement started from outside while condemning the movement started within the country for the same purpose. The only explanation is that he is afraid of the movement started in the country so that his followers may not call upon him or his party to join it."

Concluding, Mr. Nurie said: "It is for the Muslims to consider before voting for the Muslim League which stands not for the solidarity but the disintegration of Muslims. The scheme of Pakistan which divides the country into three separate zones will disintegrate the Muslims for ever."

A conference of the Nationalist Muslims of Gujarat will be held shortly in Ahmedabad.

Plot To Deny Minimum Wage To Coloured Sailors Foiled

Indian Delegates Score At International Maritime Conference

(From Our Correspondent)

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 20.

Maritime Preparatory Technical Conference which opened here on November 15, appointed one committee on each of the following eight items on the agenda:

(1) Wages and hours of work and manning; (2) Leave; (3) Accommodation on boardship; (4) Food catering; (5) Social insurance; (6) Continuous employment; (7) Entry training and promotion; (8) Recognition of seafarers' unions—this referred to the General Purposes Committee.

Indian workers are represented by Mr. Aftaball (delegate). Mr. Dinkar Desai and Mr. A. M Malik (advisers).

Mr. Aftabali has been elected to the Committee on wages and hours of work and manning and the Committee on continuous employment and Mr. Desai to the Committee on social Insurance and Committee on Continuous Employment as substitute member and Mr. Malik to the Committee on Leave and Accommodation.

The Committees started their work in earnest. On the 13th and 14th, a conference of Representative seamen of various countries was held under the auspices of the International Transport Workers' Federation and International Mercantile Marine Officers' Association. Indian Seamen's representatives took prominent part in it.

Speaking on the International Seafarers' Charter, Mr. Aftabali pointed out that the wages of Indian seamen were the lowest in the world. He urged that wages should be raised to at least to £15 per month which was fixed as international minimum wage under charter.

Speaking on the general condition of Indian seamen, Mr. Desai, stated that bribery and corruption were rampant in Indian ports in connection with recruitment of Indian seamen. He made a powerful plea for establishing a joint Maritime Board under which bribery could be eliminated as was done in Great Britain many years ago.

Mr. Malik referring to the International Seafarers' Charter pointed out that proper arrangements should be made in India for the purpose of training seamen before they go to sea. Speeches made by representatives of Indian seamen attracted attention of the whole conference. It was therefore decided that the Executive Committee of the International Transport Workers' Federation should meet representatives of Indian seamen at a special meeting in order to discuss special problems affecting Indian seamen.

At yesterday's meeting of the Committee on wages and working hours of manning shipowners from Britain, Holland, Belgium, Norway and Portugal proposed that coloured seamen—Asiatics Africans, West Indians—should be excluded from the forthcoming wages convention and special rules should be made for them.

Representatives for India and China protested strongly against the proposal which was rejected by 26 against 8 votes.

INDIAN DELEGATES SCORE

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 19 (Reuter): A proposal that coloured sailors including Asiatics, Africans and west Indians should be kept outside any Minimum Wage Agreement, was laid before the Salaries Committee of the International Maritime Conference by five British, Dutch, Belgian and Portuguese shipowners.

They said Coloured sailors have a lower working capacity and are accustomed to a different standard of living and equal pay with White men would therefore be unreasonable.

The proposal was strongly criticised by Chinese shipowners and the Indian delegate Mr. Aftab Ali who said it was contrary to the spirit of the International Labour Office and capable of breeding a new war.

It was finally defeated by 26 votes to 8, British and Scandinavian delegates voting against.

Indian Chemists' Delegation In England

LONDON, (Reuter): Commenting on the visit to Britain of the six Indian chemists, who are touring industrial centres and purchasing plants and machinery, the liberal "News Chronicle" diarist Mr. Makay states that the most interesting thing about the delegation was that it consisted of "five Hindus and one Muslim, and that the Hindus have cordially agreed that the Muslim, the famous scientist Dr. Hamied, of Bombay shall be their leader.

"There is a real significance in the fact that these chemists manage to get on so well together over their reports, while their compatriots are tearing themselves to pieces on their rostrums.

While they are here, the Indians hope also to establish some permanent liaison between British and Indian scientists which, they believe will do more than anything not only to develop industrial relations between the two countries out to create closer cultural bonds between the two peoples", Mackay says.

MADAME ZAGHLOUL— EGYPT'S GREATEST WOMAN

(Continued from Page 1.)

pation began. And Madame Zaghloul courageously continued her work overcoming age-old prejudice.

When her husband died eighteen years ago, she took over his whole work and until a few years ago she was the heart and soul of Egypt's national aspirations. "Now my work is done", she told me with a shy smile. "The Anglo-Egyptian Treaty was the fulfilment of all my husband and I had worked for."

I asked her whether it was not a strange feeling to wake window. She shook her head.

"Before they built the mausoleum", she said, "I had to travel far to the cemetery where he was buried. Twice a day, morning and evening, I visited his grave. But now he is very near. It is good to feel that when the time comes for me to join him, it will be only a very short journey."

MAIN TASK OF WOMAN

We spoke about the emancipation of women, the world-wide struggle to secure equality for them in every respect.

"Here in Egypt we have brought them out of the harem," Madame Zaghloul said. "We have not yet achieved economic equality, but that is a development which cannot be long delayed. I am quite satisfied to leave it in the hands of our younger women. In education they have more than equalled the menfolk—I have been happy to see that whenever scholarships are granted, girls carry off the greater part of them."

"And what do you think, after a lifetime of happy experience," I asked, "is the main task of woman?"

"First and foremost," Madame Zaghloul smiled, "to create a happy home for her husband and children. But almost as important is the capacity to share her husband's work, to help and inspire him at every step of his career."

She has certainly followed her own maxim throughout her life. Widely travelled—she always accompanied her husband on his extensive study tours—she told me that war had caught her twice in Europe; the first time in France, then in Switzerland.

"I only hope and pray", she said, "that there won't be a third time. Humanity has suffered too much. It is the duty of the women to heal the wounds and to bridge the gulf from war to peace. Their minds, their hearts, their wombs were created for this great task."

MESSAGE TO WOMEN

Before I left I asked Madame Zaghloul for a message to the women of the United Nations. This is what she said:

"I have been proud to watch the part the women have played in the war, especially in the Anglo-Saxon countries. They have proved worthy of their heritage. We Egyptian women have also tried to do our bit. But my great hope is that the women of the world will play the same great and decisive role in the peace as they have in war."

As I walked from the spacious, quiet house, I caught a last glimpse of the "great man's lady." She was standing at her window, gazing at the towering tomb. Perhaps she was thinking of the short journey that will reunite her with the man whom she loved and served all her life.

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Congress' Success In Dist. Board

(From Our Correspondent)

CUTTACK, Nov. 19.

Victory for the Congress candidates contesting in some constituencies for District Board elections in Puri and Cuttack is assured from the reports that are received here. Some rival candidates have forfeited securities.

Suggestion For A Nordic Union In Europe

STOCKHOLM (IPS): A Nordic Bloc in Europe is in the offing. The suggestion for a Nordic Union is being considered by all Scandinavian countries. There is also talk of a common Nordic passport for Scandinavian travel.

BANK DACOITY CASE

Accused Acquitted

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Sen & Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar)

Marappa Nigappa Kambare & five others ..... Appellants (Original Accused).

v.

Imperator ..... Opponent

This was an appeal from the conviction and sentence of 2 years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 passed upon the appellants by the Additional Sessions Judge of Dharwar for having received property stolen in a dacoity. On 18th March, 1943, soon after midnight, about 25 persons raided the branch of the Citizens' Bank at Alnowar. Having compelled the watchman to open the gate they entered but failed in their attempt to break open the safes. The decoits then went to the houses of the Manager and of the Cashier respectively and brought them to the office of the bank with keys of the safes. In the meantime some of the dacoits went to a blacksmith's house and brought instruments for breaking open the safes. The safes were ultimately opened and over Rs. 22,000 and some jewellery taken away by the dacoits. Twenty-one persons had been charged before the Sessions Court which convicted the six appellants as stated above but acquitted the rest. The convicted persons appealed to the High Court.

Allowing their appeal and acquitting the appellants, Their Lordships stated that the confessions of two of the accused were not voluntary and that the property recovered from the appellants had no connection with that which was the subject-matter of the dacoity.

Mr. R. A. Jaghirdar, Mr. H. M. Reddi and Mr. Hungund appeared for the appellant-accused.

The Assistant Government Pleader, Mr. S. B. Jathar, appeared for the Crown.

Rights And Status Of Women Under Islamic Law

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"Religion must be separated from law and 'enabling permissive laws' in respect of marriage and succession passed", was the opinion expressed by Principal A.A.A. Fyzee speaking on 'The Rights and Status of Women under Islamic law and the scope for improvement therein" at a meeting held under the auspices of the Parliamentary Sub-Committee of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council at Y.W.C.A. this evening. Mrs. Modi presided.

With due reverence to the religious susceptibilities of Muslims Principal Fayzee said that Islamic law was totally unsuited to modern society. For the past 700 years, that is, since the sack of Bagdad by the Mangols, Islamic law had made no advance. The British Government inherited the working of this law from the Mugal Emperors, and as application by them was merely a matter of policy.

Expatiating on the status of women in Islamic law, he said that laws with regard to marriage were curiously the most advanced in the system and with certain modfications they could be maintained. The worst features of them was the absolute right of divorce given to man. But the defect could be improved by curtailing somehow this right. Another injustice to woman was the denial to her of the right enjoyed by man to many a non-Mohammadan woman under certain conditions. Some law are the lines of that in force in Turkey will have to be introduced in India. The most indefensible of all these anomalies was that whereas a man could marry a maximum number of 4 women a woman could marry only one man. If society could not tolerate a woman marrying a maximum of 4 men, at least justice should be secured to her by disallowing the privilege to man not enjoyed by her.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"The Persian Government would probably appeal to Britain and America if it should be prevented from exercising its authority. If the situation deteriorated and the revolutionary march continued, it was thought possible that the Government might abandon Teheran and establish itself in the south within the British-controlled military zone."

—News Item from London.

★ ★ ★

The hand of Russia is suspected to be behind the present troubles in North Iran.

Presumably Premier Stalin wants warmer waters than those available at the Hot Springs of Sochi.

★ ★ ★

Amrit Kaur is amazed by the blackout on Indian affairs by the British Press.

The British journalists probably believe like the three wise monkeys: Speak no evil. Hear no evil. See no evil.—Specially when you are doing evil.

★ ★ ★

Atom Source Of Power.

—Headline

—Of Power Politics, brother.

★ ★ ★

There has been an eleventh hour move to indict Alfred Krupp son of the German Armament King, before the Allied War Crimes Tribunal in Nuremburg.

—Which has only helped to postpone the zero hour of the trial.

★ ★ ★

It is reported that the British Pacific Fleet is moving from Australia back to Singapore and Hong Kong.

—The policeman is back on the beat, eh?

★ ★ ★

"I can't understand why a new revolt in India should be necessary."—said Lord Strabolgi in a press interview.

Obviously because the old grievances still remain unredressed.

★ ★ ★

The Indonesian radio is said to have formally made "a declaration of war on the British."

The British are, of course, using their tanks, guns, planes and Indian troops merely to declare peace on the misguided Indonesians.

★ ★ ★

The Bombay Municipal Corporation proposes to fix the price of milk in the city.

Water will, however, be freely available to the Dudh-Bhayyas, as usual.

Sweepers And Government

The Bombay Government's statement on its sweepers' strike appears to be, if anything, a laborious attempt at justifying its own attitude of sticking to it's policy which is time-worn and out-of-date. It is a pity that the Government, even when it has, apparently, a very enlightened person, in Sir Colville, with a new outlook, at its head, should not feel it necessary to renovate and revise its 19th century policy even at a time when the 20th century has sufficiently advanced and when even common people of the orthodox school have begun to realise that these members of the society who are required to attend to the most unpleasant (dirty) duty deserve the utmost sympathy and care from those in whose hands their welfare (destiny) rests!

It is clear, beyond a doubt, that the Government through its usual sluggish method of procedure and an equally unwise feeling of prestige, precipitated the strike

Instead of, therefore, rectifying its own mistaken ways by generously intimating to the strikers the concessions it has decided to grant them, the attempt it is making to defend its own stand on the lame excuse that "a strike of Government servants could not be recognised and that such consideration could not be the subject of bargaining so as to end the strike" must be deplored and deprecated by all thinking people who may be looking forward for a new world order. Particularly those residents of the Government chawls who have had to suffer from the consequent insanitary conditions must back the strikers and hold the Government responsible for the consequences.

N. B. PARULEKAR.

Bombay, Nov. 19.

RUSSIA'S SPHINXLIKE SILENCE

Causes Headache To U. S. And British Govts.

LONDON (A.P.S.): Russia's sphinxlike silence on the Arab Jew dispute in Palestine which has assumed serious proportions has been a cause for great headache to the British and U.S. Governments, according to Political observers. If Russia comes down heavily on one side in the dispute it will be much more serious, it is stated. The best of the Arab leaders are frankly worried about that. If Russians made pro-Arab propaganda over Palestne question it would cause vast repercussions and disturbance throughout Islam. Fierce interests would clash causing great political confusion ending in a deep split amongst the Arabs themselves.

If on the other hand, the Russians came out in full support of the Jewish claims the whole of Islam would be enraged and that coupled with the deep rooted fear of Russia the whole of the Moslem world would line against the Soviets. Moscow is well aware of these developments and hence pursuing a delicate policy on this complicated dispute.

BIOLOGICAL EXHIBITION

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The first Biological Exhibition of the Indian Ecological Society was held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall this evening. The Rt. Reverend Bishop of Bombay formally inaugurated the exhibition.

The exhibition attracted crowds of boys and girls from different schools and colleges of Bombay.

In a large-scale exhibition of botanical and zoological phenomena, there were exhibits which demonstrated the primordial beginnings and the growth of life.

The exhibits threw light on botanical problems like the plants breathing and feeling the pulse of life, their sexuality and the march of life through the fourth dimension.

PLAN FOR SECURITY AND SELF-SUFFICIENCY

Jawahar Committee's New Directives

FOOD, CLOTHING & SHELTER ON PRIORITY LIST

Importance Of Scientific Training And Industrial Research

BOMBAY, Nov. 20, (A. P. I.): The National Planning Committee which met recently in Bombay issued comprehensive instructions to its various Sub-Committees to supplement its previous instructions. The new instructions have taken complete note of the changed conditions in the various spheres of national planning resulting from the war.

In a long memorandum the Committee has dealt with the following points: Form of the future Government of India; objective of national planning, Industrialisation; research; public economy, control in its various forms; labour control; conciliation; social problem; trade barriers and international co-operation in economic matter; national economy; sterling balances; foreign capital; defence industries; war-time developments; rapid industrialisation on the Russian model; social; economy; consumer goods; protection to special industries; agricultural policy; irrigation hydro-electric projects; food; housing; cottage and handloom industries and distribution.

The Committee, after dealing with these various subjects under over thirty heads in conclusion, says: "The foregoing observations do not exhaust the list of priorities. Social services and cultural conditions are very backward in this country. Special efforts will, therefore, have to be made for rapid and intensive expansion, improvement and development of public health, education, facilities for travel and entertainments and other directions of cultural growth, social amenities and public utilities which must be attended to simultaneously in accordance with a predetermined programme with specific targets and timetables".

The Committee believes that a proper scientific all-round planning and development of the aggregate economy of the country can only be achieved satisfactorily by the National Government of India commanding the full confidence of the people of the country and their hearty co-operation. The Committee assumes that in all probability the future Constitution of the country will be democratic in which claims of federating units, whether British Indian Provinces or Indian States, will be impossible to ignore.

Regional planning mutually co-ordinated in all respects must also be part of the national programme in order not only to ensure the fullest development of available resources, but to provide employment for all adult citizens competent to work and also guard against any outbreak of interprovincial jealousies or rivalries resulting in avoidable impediments or dissipation of energy.

The Committee emphasised the need for making scientific and technical research as integral part of planned economy. The Committee suggests that India should build up institutions which can give higher type of scientific training of the most varied type and that India should send its men abroad for scientific training to meet the industrial needs of the country in the immediate future.

With regard to the growing demand of international co-operation and removal of trade barriers, the Committee feels that if the ideal of international co-operation is accepted, difficulties can be overcome and it does not apprehend that the increasing stress on international co-operation will materially prejudice the primary claims of national development.

Along with securing the fullest possible employment for all adult workers in the community and ensuring proper social security, the Committee thinks it necessary to fix maximum and minimum pirces for manufactured as well as primary products and services like shipping.

The Committee has decided to draw the attention of the various Sub-Committees to the new inventions and discoveries made during the war regarding material, processes, scale of production, etc., which in many cases had revolutionised important industries, both in regard to production and distribution.

The Committee has emphasized the need for making scientific and technical research as an integral part of planned economy. Industrial research, the Committee maintains should be comprehensively planned and linked with the development of industries and industrial research organisations created best suited to the needs of individual industries.

The Committee suggests that India should be built up, as rapidly as possible, institutions which can give the highest type of scientific training of the most varied type and that India should send its men abroad for scientific training to meet the industrial needs of the country in the immediate future. It will be the duty of the National Government to adopt necessary ways and means of securing the use of such processes or equipment invented during war for planned industry in India.

Trade Treaties negotiated through usual diplomatic channels, says the Committee, must concern themselves increasingly with such matters to make up India's leeway in this behalf. It is also necessary for the Sub-Committees to take due note of important changes that have taken place in the organisational and administrative side of public economy in every country. The most outstanding example of such changes is in the matter of public control of industry and business, such as price control, fixing of maximum and minimum prices, rationing, regulation of transport and other utility services, licensing system, control of labour organisation, etc.

The principle of control, says the Committee, has come to stay especially under planned economy. The Committee has, therefore, instructed its appropriate Sub-Committees to take note of this most important change and make recommendations accordingly.

Dealing with labour problems the Committee says a system of conciliation and compulsory arbitration in all labour disputes may be necessary and machinery for which should be devised with adequate safeguards and protection for labour.

The most important change which has taken place during the war which is likely to react radically upon the objective of national self-sufficiency is the growing demand for international co-operation and the removal of trade barriers. The Committee feels, if the ideal of international co-operation is accepted, difficulties can be overcome and it does not apprehend that increasing stress on international co-operation will materially prejudice the primary claims of national development.

Along with securing fullest possible employment for all adult workers in the community and ensuring proper social security, it is also necessary to fix maximum and minimum prices for manufactured as well as primary products and services like shipping. There should be a reasonable relation between prices of agricultural produce and manufactured goods. There should also be the principle of minimum wages as part of the social security system. Guaranteed minimum prices, in the opinion of the Committee, is one of the means of ensuring social security of the large mass of the agricultural workers in this country. Landless labourers will have to be assured a minimum wage.

The Committee objects to the locking up of Indian sterling balances in London.

As regards foreign capital invested in this country, the Committee says: "National planning will not be easy or effective so long as any item which is part of the plan, is not fully amenable to the control of the National Government of India."

As regards defence industries, the Committee says: "The problem of national defence is not confined to raising, training and equipping the forces deemed necessary to fight the country's battles by land, sea or air. These must be fed and clothed and moved from place to place as needed. For all these the industries, supplying the necessary material must be developed and their development must be part of the national security and the planned industrialisation of the country must take note of them."

Referring to "the great deterioration on the moral plane", the Committee says, "No plan, however soundly framed, will succeed in execution if the moral fibre of those entrusted with carrying it out is weak."

The Committee feels that any scheme of intensive and rapid industrialisation and all-round economic development must be based on the development of power and place greater emphasis upon key or basic industries so as to make the country relatively self-sufficient in this vital concern within measurable or predetermined space of time.

Dealing with the urgent necessity for consumer goods, the Committee considers the human needs for food, clothing and shelter as the most important and urgent of all and, therefore, says that with due regard to the needs of intensive industrialisation, all industries concerned with these primary needs of life, should be developed simultaneously with as much attention to the needs of each unit, region and industry as well as the consumer as possible.

Stressing the need for a proper agricultural policy, the Committee says, there is an amount of cultivable waste land which should demand the highest priority to be brought under the plough. Primary produce should substantially be increased thereby In the opinion of the Committee, the proper agency to develop most effectively such waste land is the province.

Dealing with post-war reconstruction plans of the Provincial and Central Government," the Committee says: "These plans are 'ad hoc' proposals without proper inter-relation as part of a common national plan of development. The plans, moreover put forward by certain departments of the Central and Provincial Governments will involve heavy outlays in relation to development of railways, roads, education, promotion of public health, etc., which, though essential and indispensable, need to be carefully co-related as part of a common scientific and integrated national plan, so as to avoid lop-sided development and unbalanced economy."

"Of the primary needs of man", says the Committee, "we consider food and housing to be of immediate importance. War time has shown India to be lacking in self-sufficiency in the matter of food. This lack can be remedied with India's own resources by intensive cultivation and bringing under cultivation waste lands."

The Committee suggests comprehensive surveys of major river systems in order to formulate a policy to prevent disastrous floods, to promote irrigation and inland navigation, to prevent soil erosion, to eradicate malaria and to develop hydro-electric and other projects.

In the opinion of the Committee, national or inter-provincial river commissions or something in the nature of the Tennnassee Valley Authority should be constituted in India.

In the matter of clothing, the Committee says that India can be easily self-sufficient in all respects of raw materials (except in regard to long staple cotton), capital, supply and skilled labour. Handloom and cottage industry, production of cloth should be given every encouragement. The problem was one of distribution rather than production.

The Committee regards that adequate housing for the entire population is essential. In the case of industrial workers, the primary responsibility for housing should be placed on the industry but the financial burden of that responsibility should be equally shared between the State and the industry.

On the question of cottage industries the Committee feels that until the country reaches the ideal of self-sufficiency, the planning authority will have to pay every possible attention to this section of the country's industry. It may even have to be protected or safeguarded against competition from machine goods. The Committee emphasizes the important role of cottage industries in the national economy as, in the opinion of the Committee, these will provide a very considerable proportion of cottage goods and employment for a very large number of workers.

Beware Of Race War!

Mrs. Pandit Warns America Against Asiatic Challenge

WICHITA (Kansas) Nov. 20 (Reuter): "America has a challenge unique in history and if you miss your chance for world leadership you can plunge the world into chaos", Mrs. Vijaya Laxmi Pandit declared in addressing the University of Wichita.

Mrs. Pandit added: "India seeks freedom. We have the same ideals and the same aspirations as when you fought for your freedom, and British India to-day is occupied in the same sense as Poland and Czechoslovakia were occupied by Germany."

Alluding to the Far East she said: "Why is so much effort being expended by the Dutch and the British to hold tiny island. It is because without Java, the richest island of the world, Holland would be a second rate Power. The next challenge for world Power will come from Asia and will be the most devastating of all time—a race war."

FASCISM IN RAILWAYS

Madras Administration's "Hukum" To Employees

MADRAS, Nov. 20 (O.P.I.): "Railway employees must not in future approach the members of the Legislature to ventilate their individual grievances", says a circular issued by the Railway Administration in this presidency.

The circular further adds, "This practice usually entails disclosure to non-officials of the information which has been obtained from the official sources and any such disclosure is a breach of the Government Servant's Conduct Rules."

"Therefore such conduct is highly undesirable from the point of view of discipline and any communication to a member of the Legislature which involves infringement of rules will be severely dealt with."

I. N. A. SAVED THOUSANDS OF BURMA INDIANS

Greetings To Officers & Men On Trial

LAHORE, Nov. 20. (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has received the following telegram from Miss Saaron, President of the Indian Christian Association, Rangoon:—

Meant for Captain Sehgal, the I. N. A. Officer on trial in the Red Fort at Delhi:—

"Burma sympathises with you. God will help you. Your I. N. A. saved thousands of Indian lives from being butchered by armed men while themselves left unarmed. I. N. A. saved entire Indians from abject slavery".

Miss Saaron has also sent a telegram to the Viceroy urging release of the I. N. A. men and officers.

The President of the Burma Indian Association, A. M. K. Pitibai has addressed the following telegram to Capt. Sehgal through Pandit Jawaharlal: Burma Indian Association sends you greeting. Hope you will be released. You served India".

DELHI FORT UNDER "PROTECTION"

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20 (A.P.I.): The Chief Commissioner of Delhi has issued an order declaring all the Delhi Fort within the walls of the Fort to be a protected place to which entry will be only by permit issued by the Government of India, War Department, the Station Staff Officer, Delhi Fort, or the District Magistrate of Delhi.

This order will have effect from sunrise on the 21st November 1945 and will remain in force till it is cancelled or revoked.

TOTAL STRENGTH OF I. N. A.

NEW DELHI, November 20 (A.P.I.): Statements have appeared in the Press that the total strength of the I.N.A., was about 150,000, says a 'communique'.

Actually, there were approximately 43,000 men in the I.N.A., of whom some 23,000 were previously civilians and 20,000 were soldiers of the Indian Army. Of the 20,000 soldiers there are 3,000 regarding whom no information has so far been received, and there are a further, 3,000 who, although in Allied hands, have not arrived in India for interrogation.

Of the 14,000 soldiers, already in India, some 2,500 have cleared themselves and are being permitted to continue to serve in the Indian Army, if they wish to do so.

There remain approximately 11,500 men, of whom it has been possible in the case of 6,000 to decide that they fall into the category of those to whom clemency is to be extended. These men are being released, with 42 days' leave, as quickly as possible.

This leaves some 5,500 whose examination is still proceeding. As examination becomes complete, these men will either be discharged or be tried by court martial. It is impossible at present to say how many will be tried but the number is expected to be very small and, as has already been stated, it is not likely even to approach the figure of 400 mentioned in the Press.

Anonymous Donation For I. N. A. Fund

LAHORE, Nov. 20 (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was given an anonymous donation of Rs. 200 for the I.N.A. Defence Fund by a military man in Lahore to-day.

The National Club of Lahore gave to-day Rs. 5,000 to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru as their contribution towards the I.N.A. Defence Fund.

DIVE—BOMBERS IN ACTION OVER JAVA AGAIN

(Continued from page 1.)

at 20,000 trained and well-armed men. They have adequate sector control, but apparently there is no overall control, no General Staff and no co-ordinated plan of campaign.

An indication of their armament is given in a captured list of weapons, published to-day. The list includes 33 guns, 10 mortars, one medium tank, seven light tanks, 68 armoured carriers, 70 vehicles, 100 machine-guns, 830 rifles, and hundreds of shot guns, swords and spears.

This formidable catalogue concludes with 'two bows and 20 arrows."

LIMITED ADVANCE

Troops of the Fifth Indian Division made further limited advance today in Sourabaya, where British posts in the centre of the town are still being shelled and Japanese crews are reported to be manning light anti-aircraft guns at one point.

A British Army report to-day said the slow British and Indian advance was due to the desire to reduce loss of life and minimise damage. "The object is not to conquer the town, but restore order. The troops are doing their job extremely well, and there is no foundation whatever for the impression that there is any reluctance to perform the task allotted to them", said the report.

FIRING STARTS AGAIN

In Batavia firing started again just before dark this evening in three areas. Indonesians fired at a Dutch Camp in Koengsplein, an open space in the centre of the city, and shooting at the Royal Air Force Headquarters in the same area is also reported.

On the outskirts of the city Indonesians attempted to attack an Allied roadblocks, but were dispersed when counter-attacked. All shops were closed and streets deserted soon after dark.

According to the Netherlands News Agency it is suspected that a considerable number of young Indonesians, who are Japanese trained and armed, are reaching Batavia by train. There is no control on trains arriving in the Capital, and it is easy for such youths to spread themselves about the city, says the Agency.

Indonesians in Batavia are now using home-made hand-grenades with which they caused casualties to the British Seaforth High-landers.

Allied casualties throughout Java to Sunday are 85 killed, 296 wounded and 172 missing.

NO CHANGE TO POLICY

Increasing lawlessness of Indonesian elements in Batavia has caused the Soekarno Administration to take action to discipline its followers.

A 'communique' issued to-day by "the Government of the Republic of Indonesia" announced that T.K.R. (Peace Preservation Army) would be concentrated at various points in Batavia, and appealed to the public to put their confidence in this organisation and refrain from individual action.

A second 'communique' said that the recent change in the Indonesian Cabinet does not indicate any change in foreign policy. The new Cabinet claims recognition of full independence of Indonesia by the world and declares that Indonesia is prepared to assume her duties as a member of the family of Free Nations.

"In the task of reconstructing Indonesia, the problem of foreign property interests will have our greatest attention", said the 'communique' adding: "It emphasised, however that the Sovereignty of the Indonesian people must always be observed."

DUTCH QUEEN'S CONCERN

At the Hague to-day Queen Wilhelmina, opening the Dutch Parliament said she was "greatly concerned" over the events in Java.

"Ideas of revenge do not possess us, nor of establishment of colonial domination", she said. But we are convinced that only unity of our peoples here and overseas can guarantee further development in harmony, safety and lasting prosperity."

In Sydney the six British seamen arrested after leaving the British liner, "Moreton Bay", when she sailed for Java with Dutch troops, have been released. They will probably be sent back to England by the first available ship, though there is still the possibility of their appearing in a court on the charge of desertion.

Election Fever Reaches Peak Point

FIFTY-THOUSAND VOTERS FOR CENTRAL ASSEMBLY SEATS FROM CITY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Just two per cent of the total population of Bombay is entitled to exercise franchise at the forthcoming elections for the Central Assembly. In terms of figures, the voters total about 50,000 out of a population of 2,500,000.

Next Monday and Tuesday which have been fixed as the polling days in Bombay will undoubtedly find the election fever reaching a peak point. From the present inidcations it is clear that a record number of voters will exercise their franchise. Those attending the polls may be over 60 per cent.

NON-MAHOMEDAN SEATS

Forty-five thousand voters will be called upon to make their choice for the two seats from the non-Mohamedan Constituency. There are three candidates in the field—Dr. G. V. Deshmukh (Congress), Mr. M. R Masani (Congress), and Mr. K. H. Dhamdhere (Hindu Mahasabha).

Polling for this Constituency will be held on November 26.

MUSLIM SEAT

Two sitting members, Mr. M. A. Jinnah and Mr. Husseinbhoy Lalljee (Independent) are contesting the single seat from the Mohamedan Constituency. There are just over 5,000 voters in this Constituency. Polling is on November 27.

Sardar To Address Two Meetings

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will address two mass meetings one on Thursday the 22nd instant at 6-30 p.m. at Danabunder, Mandvi and another on Saturday the 24th at 6-30 p.m. on Chowpatty Sands. These meetings are organised by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and are in connection with the election campaign recently inaugurated by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. Adequate loudspeaker arrangements will be made and special enclosure will be reserved for ladies.

Congress volunteers are requested to present themselves for duty two hours ahead of the meetings.

COUNCIL OF STATE ELECTORAL ROLLS

The Government of Bombay has appointed Monday, February 25, 1946, as the date for the publication of the electoral rolls for the Bombay (Non-Mohammadan) and Bombay Presidency (Mohammadan) constituencies of the Council of State; and Monday, April 22, for the publication of the amended rolls and lists of additions.

In order to facilitate the preparation of the electoral rolls for these constituencies, the Government of Bombay, in exercise of the powers conferred by the Council of State Electoral Regulations, has directed that prior to the first publication prescribed by these Regulations, there shall be a preliminary publication by each District Collector of the Electoral rolls of each constituency, or part of each constituency, concluded within his jurisdiction on Monday, February 7, 1946, together with a notice that applications for enrolment submitted within 21 days of the date of this notice will be heard and decided by the Collector or an officer deputed by him.

H. V. KAMAT'S APPLICATION REJECTED

NAGPUR, Nov. 20 (U.P.I.): The Deputy Commissioner, Chhindwara has informed Mr. H. V. Kamat, General Secretary, All-India Forward Bloc, that his application for inclusion in the electoral roll has been rejected. The rejection is on the score that a jail is not residence. It may be stated that till recently, Mr. Kamat was a detenu in the Seoni Jail under orders of the Central Government.

League Candidates For Frontier Assembly

PESHAWAR, Nov. 20 (O.P.I.): N. W. F. P. Muslim League Selection Board which arrived here after touring Mardan and Hazara districts announced the following 15 names who have been given Muslim League tickets to contest seats in the North-West Frontier Province Legislative Assembly. The names with their respective constituencies are given below:—

(1) Mir Aslam Khan, Nowshera South Constituency. (2) K. B. Mir Alam Khan, North Hastagar. (3) Purdil Khan, Razzar Constituency Mardan District. (4) Sar Buland Khan, Oichhriyan Upper Pakhli, Hazara District, who will be opposed by Mr. Abdul Qayyum Khan Sawati, General Secretary, Frontier Province Congress Committee. (5) Abdush Shakoor Bacha of Bam Khel, Utmana Constituency, Mardan District. (6) Ali Gohar Khan, Lower Pakhli, Hazara District. (7) K. B. Mohamad Zaman Khan, Haripore North Hazara District. (8) Raja Abdul Rahman, ex-Minister, Abbotabad East. (9) K. B. Mahabat Ali Khan, Kohar Rural. (10) Khan Habibullah Khan, Advocate, Lakki East. (11) Malik Zardab Khan, Mameshkhel Bannu West. (12) Malik Damsa Khan, Bannu East. (13) Nawab Qutbuddin Khan, Tank Constituency District D. I. Khan. (14) Abdul Qayyum Khan, Gandapur Kulchi Constituency District D. I Khan and (15) K. B. Jalaluddin Khan of Abbottabad, N.-W.F.P. Towns.

The remaining 15 Muslim League nominees for the Muslim seats will be declared later on.

"THIS GOVT. MUST GET OUT OF INDIA"

(Continued from page 1.)

in prison for fifteen years, and Sardar Gulab Singh, Pandit Rup Chand and Malik Kundan Lal, the Second Lahore Conspiracy Case prisoners who have each been fifteen years in jail.

Dressed in white and smiling, these prisoners saw Pandit Jawaharlal in the visitors' room adjoining the big iron jail gate. He warmly shook hands with them and made inquiries about their health.

Pandit Jawaharlal was received at the gate by the jail Superintendent and was given a salute by the sentry on watch.

Interviewed by the 'Associated Press of India' as he emerged from the jail after his meeting with these prisoners, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said: "The detention of the Lahore Conspiracy Case prisoners in prison both in the Punjab and the United Provinces after more than fifteen years' prison life is an astonishing and significant indication of what the present Administration stands for. To say that it is a blot on any Administration is to put it feebly.

MAHATMA'S EFFORTS

For years past all manner of attempts have been made by Mahatma Gandhi, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and many others to get them released. No favour was asked for because in the ordinary course they would have been released.

"The late Punjab Premier gave definite assurances of their release and yet in spite of all this these men who were young boys when they came to prison are still here. I hope that the changes that are bound to come soon will put an end to this amazing instance of ineptitude and police and C.I.D. rule."

Pandit Jawaharlal also met in jail two young students of Lahore, Yogendra Pal and Baldev Kapur, who were arrested some time ago in connection with the I.N.A. demonstrations.

He was accompanied to jail by Diwan Chaman Lal, M.L.A. (Central) and Seth Sudarshan, Chief Whip of the Punjab Congress Party.

LEAVES FOR DELHI

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru left this afternoon by air for Delhi. He was given a send-off at the R.A.F. aerodrome by a large number of people.

The commanding officer of the R. A. F. station, Wing Commander Fallick, drove right upto the tail of the beech craft expediter carrying Pandit Nehru, warmly shook hands with him and remained there until the plane took off. A number of Indian Air Force Officers gave him the military salute. Pandit Nehru was piloted by Captain Dastor of the Indian National Airways.

Pandit Nehru was weighed on the scales before emplaining. He was blithely telling his friends later that he had gained three pounds in weight.

VISIT TO FRONTIER

Pt. Nehru indicated in an interview that he would be going to the Frontier early next year. He said: "Frontier has always attracted me because of its robust men and women and its love of Indian freedom and nationalism. Frontier leaders are well capable of dealing with the situation they face and I am convinced that the Congress will triumph there in the elections and later.

AN APPEAL

THE K. E. M. HOSPITAL PATIENTS' LIBRARY & NURSERY FUND

It is a calamity to fall ill. The poorer the person, the greater is the calamity. The public Hospitals do minister efficiently to the needs of the ailing body, but are not in a position to ensure those few amenities which seem to make the miserable moments, shorter. An idea has been put forward to provide suita le books, periodicals magazines etc. for the grown-up patients and picture-books, puzzles and toys for the children. A committee has been formed to take steps to give a practical shape to this scheme. The Committee appeals to you to give it your support in cash or kind.

Contributions should be sent to:—
Dr. P. K. SEN, M. S.
C/o Dr R. G. Dhayagude M. D.
K. E. M. Hospital, Parel,
BOMBAY.

SIR C. P. IN BOMBAY

To Confer With Shipping Interests & Industrialists

BOMBAY, Nov. 20 (A.P.I.): Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, Dewan of Travancore, arrived here to-day on his way to Patna.

His belief that Travancore Government's new educational policy "which was almost as important as the Temple Entry proclamation of His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore" will not be affected by irrelevant considerations imported into it by local controversies or extraneous considerations was expressed by the Dewan of Travancore, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar in an interview to the Associated Press of India before he left Madras by air this morning for Bombay.

While in Bombay, Sir Ramaswami Aiyar proposes to meet certain representatives of Indian shipping interests as also some industrialists who are interested in post-war planning. After spending two days in Bombay, he intends to proceed by air to Patna where he will deliver the convocation address of the Patna University on November 24. He is expected to return to Trivandrum on November 26.

MAULANA AZAD'S APPEAL TO BIHAR MUSLIMS

To Forge United Front Against League

(From Our Special Correspondent)

LUCKNOW, Nov. 17: Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, who is having complete rest at Vindhyachal in the Mirzapur district is reported to have sent a message to all the Nationalist Muslim organisations in Bihar to forge a united front against the Muslim League, so that it might be proved to the whole world that Indian Muslims are not prepared to tolerate foreign domination any more than the Muslims of the Muslim countries in the Middle and Far East.

I am reliably informed that Dr. Rajendra Prasad's Private Secretary, Mathura Babu, interviewed Maulana Azad on last Sunday afternoon, and the conditions in Bihar were discussed in all details for about an hour. After the interview Mathura Babu is reported to have stated that the League has very meagre chances of success at the forthcoming provincial assembly elections in Bihar against the united strength of all the Muslim non-League organisations, for whom Maulana Saheb had given him a message.

Regarding the correspondence that passed between Maulana Azad and the Viceroy while in detention in the Ahmednagar Fort, I am reliably informed that much of it has so far remained unpublished.

It is stated that Maulana Azad wanted to send condolence messages to Mahatma Gandhi, Mrs. Allah Bux and the son of Mr. Satyamurti on the deaths of Shrimati Kasturba, Mr. Allah Bux and Mr. S. Satyamurti, but the Viceroy did not permit him to do so.

Some interesting correspondence is reported to have passed between Maulana Azad and the Viceroy regarding the detention of Acharya Narendra Deo and Mr. Hare Krishna Mehtab in the Ahmednagar Fort along with the members of the Congress Working Committee. Maulana Azad is stated to have written to the Government that these two leaders were not members of the Working Committee of the Congress, but the Viceroy's interesting reply was that the Government had sufficient proofs to believe that they, too were members of the Congress Working Committee. When Maulana Azad sued the matter further and said that he, as Congress President, had never nominated them to be members of the Working Committee of the Congress, and nobody could become a member of the Working Committee until and unless he was nominated by the Congress President, the Government persisted in their proofs and beliefs which have now been proved to be absolutely baseless, as Acharya Narendra Deo and Mr. Hare Krishna Mehtab are not to this day members of the Congress Working Committee.

Death Of Well-Known Solicitor

The "Chronicle" regrets to announce the sad death of Mr. Natwarlal Desai, partner of Messrs Bhashankar Kanga & Girdharlal, well-known firm of Solicitors and Notaries public, on Monday. He was also a partner of Messrs. Piloo D. Sidhwa & Co. (Ghee Department). The Uthamana ceremony will take place at 5-30 p.m. at his residence, Juhu (Kolliwada), to-day (Wednesday).

PARIS, Nov. 20. (U. P. A.): General Charles de Gaulle today won a complete victory in the shocktown battle with the Communists in a bitter assembly debate on Monday afternoon when two straight votes confirmed the General's mandate to form a three-party Government to rule France.

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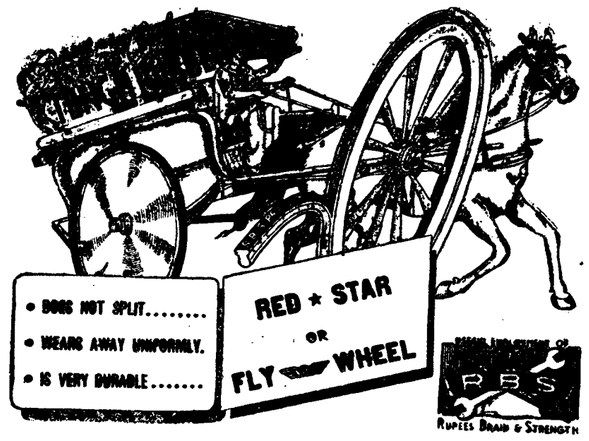
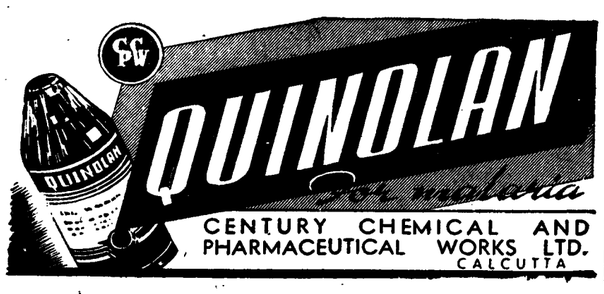


R.B.S. JAIN RUBBER MILLS



Political And Economic Must Go Hand In Hand

Swadeshi Is Panacea For All Our Troubles, Says J. C. Kumarappa

BARODA PRAJAMANDAL DEMANDS WITHDRAWAL OF CASES AGAINST I. N. A.

VALLABHNAGAR, Nov. 19, (A. P. I.): "Whatever goods we buy from foreign countries, capital or consumption goods, we are just inviting the seller countries to come and control India in order to maintain their markets. If there have been wars it was not for the upholding of any political ideal but for the economic control by one nation or other of the weaker nations", said Mr. J. C. Kumarappa of the All-India Village Industries Association, addressing the open session of the Baroda State Prajamandal yesterday.

CAUSE OF INDIA'S POVERTY

Mr. Kumarappa pointed out that there had never been and there was no political or economic democracy in the world and this was the cause of turmoil, misery and poverty. The cause of Indians' poverty, he said, was our people's low valuation of indegenous product. By buying a foreign article, we not only enrich the foreigners purse but we discourage the neighbour in the village who produced similar articles in India This wrong value of our products have resulted in the death of our village industries.

Mr. Kumarappa felt that not only foreign goods but Indian mill made goods also should be boycotted, wherever the mill was situated and whoever owned it. It produced standardised goods at what is believed to be cheap rate but people actually never knew that these mills secured concessions from the Government from the people's taxes-for research work in raw materials they used and in several processes before their goods were ready for the market.

Mr. Kumarapapa deplored the attitude of the people who thought that Mahatma Gandhi's slogan "Spin and Get Swaraj" as impracticable. This slogan which will be the panacea for all our troubles has not been understood in its proper perspective. Spinning represented the conditions which will work out Swaraj for India.

MEANING OF "QUIT INDIA"

When we cry "Quit India", the Britishers were not going to do so But when we boycott foreign goods, and support our village industry they will be forced to "Quit India". The meaning of "Quit India" never included the use of violence; a proper and fuller meaning of "Quit India" is "Quit Millmade Articles".

Concluding, Mr. Kumarappa advised workers not only to work for political emancipation but for economic freedm of the country; the latter should go hand in hand with the former to bring effective Swaraj to India. Gujerat, he said, has given the lead in politics for the country during the past 15 years but "the Ahmedabad mills have acted at traitors to the country's cause." He hoped Gujerat would give the lead in the fight for economic freedom in the coming years also.

The two-day session of the Baroda State Praja Mandal came to a close to-day after passing a number of resolutions referring to the demand for rsponsible Government, representation in the proposed Constitutional Assembly and other problems.

In the open session this morning, a resolution demanding withdrawal of the cases instituted against soldiers of the Indian National Army was moved from the Chair and passed unanimously.

A resolution demanding that the State should lift all controls regarding the purchase by merchants of foodgrains produced in the State as these have led to the accummulation of large stocks of food with the agriculturists was passed. Another resolution demanded the withdrawal of the incraese in cess on agricultural produce.

Other resolutions related to the implementation of the constructive programme, the coming elections in the State and the registration of voters in the voting lists.

Over 30,000 persons attended the second day's session.

Durbar Gopaldas in his concluding remarks pointed out that the Praja Mandal contesting the present elections not because it believed that responsible Government or the just demands of the people could be attainded through the Legislature, but to show where the people rested their confidence, in the People's Party or the Government. In this way, the coming elcetions were important. The President appealed to the workers and the people not to sit satisfied after having passed pious resolutions but to do all in their power to implement them.

"Jai Hind" Diary Auctioned For Rs. 500

Rebel Daughter Of India's Enterprises

NEW DELHI, Nov. 19. (O.P.I.): "Jai Hind", the diary of a rebel daughter of India with the Rani of Jhansi regiment Brigade published by Amritlal Seth of "Janmabhumi" was auctioned at Tennaly (Madras Presidency) for Rs. 500- One of its editors namely, Soli Batliwala was there addressing the meeting and had only one copy with him left. The book is already running into second edition which will shortly be out. Not even editors Soli Batliwala and Vithal Bahi got free copies. They had to spend for the same.

Ruikar To Defend Capt. Fulay

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, Nov. 19.—Had things proceeded according to plan the father, a Captain in the British Civil Pioneer Force, would have met his son, a Captain in Indian National Army, on the battlefield near Imphal but before the son could proceed further he was taken prisoner. Captain Fulay's son joined the Army as V.C.O. and was sent to Burma. He was taken prisoner by the Japanese and was one among the thousands who were set free at the instance of Mr. Subhas Bose. Junior Fulay was promoted to the rank of Captain by Netaji Bose and was appointed Chief Liaison Officer, Captain N. R. Fulay is awaiting trial in the Red Fort at Delhi.

Mr. Ruiker, President of the All-India Forward Bloc, will defend him.

Orissa Azad Hind Fouj Relief Fund

CUTTACK, Nov. 19. (A.P.I.): Different committees formed in the Province to raise funds for the relief and defence of the I.N.A. officers and men have been amalgamated under the name "Orissa Azad Hind Fouj Relief Fund". A central committee has now been formed with Mr. Harekrishna Mehtab as President.

More Than A Lakh For I. N. A. Defence From Delhi

NEW DELHI, Nov. 19. (O.P.I.): It is learnt that the Congress I.N.A. Defence Committee received a sum of rupees more than one lakh in response to their appeal for funds. Contributions, it is further understood, included amounts from the members of the Indian Army, Indian Air Force and clerks of the Supply Department.

(Continued from Col. 7)

rican Communist Party, disclosed in today's issue the highlights of a three-day conference of the Party at which was planned a "national crusade for peace, directed primarily against the intervention of the Administration in China."

The paper revealed further plans to organize five hundred mass protest meetings against the American "imperialist" Far Eastern policy with slogans such as:

"Stop Reactionary Intervention in China's internal affairs."

"Withdraw American troops from China and the Philippines."

"Support National Independence Movements of Indonesia and other countries."

'Prosecute and curb American trusts which are reviving their ties and restoring German and Japanese cartels."

The newspaper also disclosed plans for a recruiting drive for 20,000 new members starting from February and ending in May next.

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HITLER'S BLAME ON GENERAL STAFF

They Did Not Exhibit Iron Will!

LONDON, (By Mail). (I.P.S.): On August 31, 1944, Adolf Hitler spoke his mind to a group of German generals at his secret H. Q. A stenographic transcript found recently gives the following version of his address to them:— "This war is not convenient to me. For five years I have been shut off from the world. I have not visited a theatre, I have not heard a concert and I have not seen a film, I live only for a single mission, to lead this battle, because I know if there is not the iron will behind it, the battle will not be won.

"I blame the General Staff because they instead of always exhibiting iron will have weakened the front officers. For when the general staff officers come to the front, they spread "pessimism".

Marlene Dietrich's Picture In Every Berlin Shop

BERNE (IPS): The famous Hollywood star, Marlene Dietrich's picture is reappearing in Berlin shop windows, very prominently, advertising this time face powders, instead of stockings.

Emancipation

Strikers Clash With Police

Constables Injured In Colombo Incident

COLOMBO, Nov. 19. (A.P.I.): A pitched battle, in which free use was made of brickbats and bottles, occurred this morning in Colombo between the police and workers of the Ceylon Match Company who for the past ten days have downed tools. This morning they marched through the streets carrying placards, demanding an eight-hour working day. Seeing a police officer's car parked by the roadside, it is stated, they started throwing stones at it. A posse of constables attempting to stop the procession were hit upon and were injured by some strikers. A European officer and a constable received serious injuries and were removed to hospital. The demonstrators were dispersed by policemen who charged them with batons.

About 400 match factory workers struck work on November 10, demanding increased wages and lesser hours of work.

The strike in the Colombo Harbour continues though with slight improvement. The work of unloading goods was proceeding with the assistance of essential services labour corps and Government agricultural labour corps. It is stated, however, it is likely that a number of food ships destined for Ceylon may have to be diverted owing to the strike.

Anti-Civil War Feeling In China Reaching New Height

CHUNGKING, Nov. 19 (Reuter).—A general strike throughout China involving soldiers, professional classes and industrial workers was urged at a mass rally here today to inaugurate an anti-civil war campaign, cables Doon Campbell, Reuter's Special Correspondent

Feeling against civil war is mounting to a new high pitch and all political parties were represented. Scholars, poets, professors, businessmen, industrialists and politicians demanded an end to fighting and one speaker collapsed into tears after declaring "the Americans are proud of the atom bomb, but Chinese public opinion is stronger than the atomic force."

Another speaker attacked continuation of American lend lease. "It will only fan flames," he said.

U.S. "DAILY WORKER" OUTLINES PROCEEDINGS

NEW YORK, Nov. 19 (U.P.A.)—The "Daily Worker," organ of the Ame-

(Continued in col. 3)

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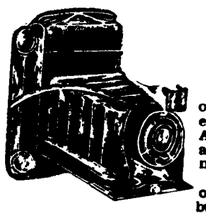

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Bank Shares In Keen Demand On Stock Exchange

SHARP RISE IN COTTON PRICES ON HIGHER KARACHI ADVICES

Bullion Market Quiet On Moderate Selling

Bombay, Nov. 20.

The Share Bazar was fairly steady to-day with moderate support. There was keen enquiry for Bank shares which hardened Central Bank shares to Rs. 96 while India Bank shares firmed up to Rs. 230. There is a growing investment demand and 3 1/2 per cent paper is likely to record a new high level.

Tata Steel Dfd shares opened at Rs. 2377 and advanced to Rs. 2385. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 434 and after advancing to Rs. 438. Steadied at Rs. 437. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 2007 and improved to Rs. 2012 while Kohinoors after opening at Rs. 620 firmed up to Rs. 626.

Later on there was scattered selling and quotations moved within a narrow range Tata Steel Dfds, were quoted at Rs. 2382 and Ordinary Shares were done at Rs. 437. Bombay Dyeings sagged to Rs. 2005 while Kohinoors changed hands at Rs. 624

AFTERNOON SESSION.

In the afternoon session there was little business and quotations failed to record any marked change. Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 2385. Ordinary at Rs. 435. Bombay Dyeing Rs. 2003 and Kohinoors Rs. 625.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing XD 2006/4 Century 915 Nagpur XD 405/8 Swadeshi 581 New Great 406 Simplex 314/8 Kohinoor 625 Colaba 253 Gokak XD 311 Phoenix 690 Mysore 291/4 Indian Bleaching 206 Swan 331 Finlay 306 Morarjee 770 Indore 746/4 Edward Sassoon 705

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord XD 436/8 Tata Steel Dfd XD 2382/8

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 217 Andhra XD 1840 Tata Power XD 1952/8 Tram Ord 155

CEMENT

Associated Merger 231/12.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 521/4 Alcock 455 Bellapur 236/8 Shivrajpur 56 Steamer Ord 617/8 Scindia XD 38/14 Construction 218

CASH SECTION

MILLS: Apollo 4/3/6 Elphinstone 82 I U Ord 15/15 Defd 3/0/6 Indian Mfg. 3580 Kurla 278/12 Khatau 326/4 Dawn 1102/8 David 1280 New City 440 Minerva 231/4 Bradbury 381/4 Bharucha Dfds 10/12 Bharat 64/8 Madhavji 19/15 Model 266/4 Laxmi Cotton XD 1500 Vishnu Cotton XD 512/8 Western 3595 Standard 505 Sholapur 6850 Sassoon Cotton 24 Hindustan 3700 Meyer Sassoon 203/12 Tata Mills 73/8 Ahd. Advance 412/8 Sassoon Silk 85/8 New Union 26/4 Poddar 340 Madhusudan 491/4 New 92 Shri Nivas 370 Raja Bahadur Poona XD 115 Berar 325

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 187/8 New 170 Surat 262/8 Surat New Premium 132/8 Karachi 237/8 Broach 12/12 Ajmer 14/9 Amalgamated 18/12 Jalgaon 11/9 Nagpur 51 Poona 285 Bombay Suburban 245 New Premium 100

BANKS

Reserve 154/8 Imperial 2345 P P 580 Central 96 India 225 Union 10/6 Baroda 165/8 Habib 80/8 International 50 A B C 44 Dena Bank 65 United 89 Jaipur 69 Hindustan 57 National Savings F P 72 P P 39 Mysore 388 Exchange 56/8 Eastern 106/4

INSURANCE

Oriental 6700 Empire 1207/8 New India 88/4 Jpuiter 37 Vulcan 18/4 Indian Mercantile 69 Universal 15/6 Vasant 25/6 Br. I. Gen. 28/8 Ind. Prud 51/8 Neptune 11.

RAILWAYS

Ah Prantij 707/8 C.P. 111/8 Mymensing Reb 116/4 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 110/12 Sara Sirajganj 116/4 Sial-

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

MILLS.

A Advance 412/8
Apollo 4/3/3 4/3/9 4/3/3 4/3/6
Bharat 64 64/12 64/8
Bharucha 10/12
B. Dyeing 2005 11/4 6/4 12/8 3/12 7/8 6/4
Bradbury Ord. 381/4.
Central Ord. 405 7 4/8 6 5/8
Colaba 253/8 53
Edward 700 705
Elphinstone Ord. 83 84 82
Elphinstone Pref. 130
Finlay 306 7 5 7 6
Gokak 310 12/8 10/8 11/8 11
India United Dfd. 3 3/0/6
India United Ord 14/14 14/15/6 14/11 15 14/14 14/15
Indore 746/4 45 50 45 46/4
Kohinoor 625/8 26/8 24/8 27/8 24 25
Luxmi 1500
Madhavji 19/15
Meyer 205 3/12
Model 266/4 (Ex Div)
Morarji 767/8 70 65 70
Mysore 291/4
New City 435 40
New Great 406 7/8 6
Phoenix 690
Poddar 340
Sassoon Cotton 24
Simplex 316/8 17 16 17 14 15/8 14/8
Swadesh 580 81 79/8 81/8 79/8 81/8 81
Swan 329 31
Tata Mills 73/12 73/4 73/8
Vishnu 510 15 12/8

RAILWAYS.

A. Prantej 707/8
C. P. Provinces 111/8

BANKS.

Baroda 165 67 64/8
Central 95 96/8 95/8 96
Imperial Old 2345
Imperial New 580
India 220 30 25
International (52)
Reserve 154/8
Union 10/3 10/7
U. Commercial 89/8 89

ELECTRIC.

A. Electric 191/14 87/8
Andhra Valley Ord (1840)
Tram Ord. 155 54/8 55/12 54/8 55
Tram Pref 70/4 70/8
B. Suburban 245
Karachi 237/8
Tata Hydro Ord. 219 17
Tata Power Ord. 1950 47/8 52/8 50 52/8

INSURANCE

British India 28/6 28/8
Empire 1207/8
Mercantile 68
Jupiter 37
New India 88/8 88 89 86/4
Vulcan 18/4
B. Steamer 617/8
Scindhia 38/10 38/11 38/8 38/12 38/10

STEEL.

Bengal 36/12 36/13 36/12
J Iron 42/6 52/8
Tata Dfd. 2377/8 85 82/8 85 81/4 90 78/12 83/12 52/8
Tata Ord. 434/8 36/8 36 37/8 36/8 37 35/8 36/8
Tata 2nd Pref. 169/8 69 69/8 68/12 69

MISCELLENOUS.

Alcock 455
A. Cement 231/12 31/8 33/12 31/12
Belapur 233 37 36 38/8
Burma Old 520 18/12 25 21/4
Burma New 186/4
B. B. Petrol 5/10/3 5/10/6
I. Bleaching 206/4 8/8 6
I. I. Trust 125
P. Canning (112)
P. Construction Ord. 215 16
P. Construction 2nd Pref. 135 (Ex Div)
Sivrajpur 55/8 56/8 56
Tata Chemical 17/4 16/14 17
Tata Oil Ord. 82/6 83/4
Western India Match 352/8 57/8
Coorla Mills 280 78/12
Eastern Bank 186/4
Jaipur Bank 68/4 69
Neptune Insurance 11

kot 117/8 New 54 Pachora 92/8 Hoshiarpur 117/4

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 186/4 Burma Petrol 5/10/3 Tata Oil 83/4 Mackenzie 137/8 Port Canning 112 Kemp 580 Zandu XD 195 Indian Radio Ord 387/8 B 380 Defd 425 Indian Investment Trust 125 Wimco 357/8 Tata Chemical 17 Dharamsi Chemical 33/8 Mukund Iron 13 Dena Trust 25 Alembic 322/8 Supreme Industries 230 Jam Wire 131 Bombay Uganda 81 Bombay Cycle 38/8 Indian Cement (1937) 35 Walchand Nagar Industries 585

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 226/4 Tata Steel Second XD 169 Tram XD 70/8 Andhra XD 1600 Tata Power XD 1700 Hydro XD 160 Bombay Steam 352/8 Nagpur 722/8 Poddar 117 Elphinstone 127/8 Vishnu 780 Laxmi 302/8 New Great 251/4 Bradbury XD 505 Surat Elec. XD 215 Premier Construction First 135 Premier Construction Second 135/8 Amalgamated 153/12 Tata Chemical 125 Walchandnagar Industries 283/12

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron and Steel 42/8 Bengal Steel 36/13 Indian Copper 3/8 B I C 8/4 Burma Corporation 7/2 New Victoria Mill 8/8 New Victoria Pref 10/13 Cawnpore Tex 13 Raja Tex 65 Phalton 155 Gold Mohar 320 New Kaiser Hind 2575 Sajjan Mills 415 Osmanshai 320 Ajamshahi 615

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

Tata Ordinary 435/8; Tata Deferred 2382/8; Indian Iron 42/6; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 36/10; Bombay Dying 2007/8. Central India 405/10; Century 912/8; Gokak 311/4; Kohinoor 624/6; Simplex 315; Andhra Valley 1840; Tata Hydro 218/2; Tata Power 1947/8; Associated Cement 232; Belapur 233/12; Bombay Burma (Old) 520.

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Wall Street Fears Labour Crisis But Keeps Steady Tone On Good Dividends

Cotton Market Awaits Fresh Development

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.

Wall Street opened firm and moderately active. Scattered issues advanced modestly. Although many leaders were unable to attract worthwhile support. Pivotal motors weakened after the office of price administration announcement of new car ceilings. Investment demand propped individuals, but accounts were lightened on the belief that a technical reaction was in the offing. Prices rallied in the afternoon with earlier losses up to three points reduced towards the close. Despite bearishness over the new OPA auto ceilings and imminent labour crisis many leaders were fairly successful in overriding the trends being bolstered by earnings and dividends and inflation ideas. International nickel was a strong spot selling above thirtynine. The session closed very steady.

American Telephone 193-1/2 (194). Amerex Corpn 36 Exdiv. (36-1/2), Anaconda Copper 42-3/8 (41-1/2), Chase National 45 (45-1/2), Consolidated Oil 18-3/8 (18-1/8) Firestone Tyre 70 (69-3/4), General Electric 48-1/4 (48-1/8), General Motors 73 (74). Ingersol Rand 128 (128), International Nicked 38-5/8 (37-3/8) National City Bank 48-3/4 (48-5/8), New York Central Rail. 30-3/8 (30-5/8), Socony Vacuum Corpn. 16 1/2 (16-3/8) Texas Corpn. 59-1/4 (59), Union Carbon 99 (99-1/2), U. S. Smelting 74 (74) U S. Steel 80 (81), Yestern Union Telegraph 52-1/2 (52-3/4).

COTTON MARKET STEADY.

New York Cotton market opened barely steady. The opening losses due to accumulation of weekend hedges and realising were extended with absence of fresh news and tendency to emphasise adverse labour news and lessening chances of enactment of the pace bill and next season premature increased acreage ideas. Prices subsequently steadied on trade support the everpresent inflation psychology and foreign needs. Latterly the market became quieter drifting idly awaiting fresh developments notably from the labour and legislation fronts. Finally the session displayed renewed activity prices advancing on trade buying and price-fixing and closed very steady.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Chicago grains advanced under the leadership of rye influenced by continued strong demand for cash grains and a sharp advance in Minneapolis rye. However oats were inclined to lag attributed to technical considerations. The United Kingdom to-day is reported to have purchased three hundred thousand bushels of United States Red Wheat and small quantities of hard and spring wheat.

December 1.80-1/2 to 1.80-1/2 (1.80-1/2 to 1.80-1/2).

May 1.80-1/4 to 1.80-1/4 (1.80 to 1.80).

July 1.77-5/8 to 1.77-3/4 (1.76 to 1.76).

Worth Street Selling Withdrawn

NEW YORK, Nov. 19, (U. P. A.):

Selling was withdrawn in to-day's session of the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market while the impending Thanksgiving Day prevented the consummation of worthwhile business.

It is estimated that the fourth quarter production might drop to two bullion yards instead of two bullion and five hundred million yards due to labour shortage and unrest.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Nov. 19.

December	24.15—
January	24.23—
March	24.10—06
March highest (10 a.m.).	24.12—04
March lowest (10-13 a.m.)	24.05—11
May	24.03—01
July	23.81—02
October	23.01—
December	22.93—
Middling Spot	24.73—06

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, Nov. 19.

December	24.17+06
March	24.15—
May	24.05—
July	23.85+01
October	23.08—
Middling Spot	23.80—05

NEW YORK COTTON NOON CALL
New York, Nov. 19

December	24.13
March	24.08
May	23.97

LONDON BULLION.
London, Nov. 19. (Reuter)

Spot 44d. Forward 44d. Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8/12/3.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Nov. 19.

T. T. London on:—
New York sellers 4.02-1/2, buyers 4.03-1/2, Madrid official 44.00, Montreal sellers 4.43; buyers 4.45, Zurich sellers 17.3, buyers 17.4, Stockholm sellers 16.85, buyers 16.95.

LONDON WHEAT.
London, Nov. 19.

Wheat Rosario Santa Fe (New Crop) unoffered. Australian Wheat (Bulk) 81 unquoted. Australian Wheat (Bags) unoffered.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, Nov. 19.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 pc	74-1/2
Consols 2-1/2 pc	90-1/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc 1961	106
War Loan 3-1/2 pc	102-13/16
Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90	112-7/8
Victory Bonds 4 pc	113-3/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11-1/2
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	91
National Bank of India	43-3/4

N. Y. SILVER.
New York, Nov. 19.

United States price of Foreign Silver 71.1 cents.
New York buying price 70-3/4 cents.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Nov. 20.

The Bullion market was quietly steady and in the absence of professional activity quotations are moving within a narrow range. The future course entirely depends upon expansion in the note issue and the undertone of the market was good. Forward silver opened to-day at Rs. 81/4 and advanced to Rs. 81/12 and steadied at Rs. 81/7. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 81/9. Forward silver also fluctuated between Rs. 132/4 and Rs. 132/8 and steadied at Rs. 132/6. Ready silver of 99 per cent fineness was quoted at Rs. 132/14 while 96 per cent fineness was placed at Rs. 132/6. The market was quietly steady.

Later on the market ruled quiet on increased selling and closing quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as	p.
Ready Silver	132	0	0
Forward Silver	132	0	0
Ready Gold	80	12	0
Forward Gold	80	12	0
Sovereigns	57	0	0

BOMBAY COTTON

The local Cotton market opened to-day at Rs. 406 for January delivery and improved to Rs. 407/8 on scattered buying. It appears that there is a tendency to revise crop ideas downward and the market is more inclined to buy on decline. In the near future the market is likely to be narrow but the statistical position is likely to gain strength at the end of the season. Under such a state unless hedge selling becomes an important factor we favour purchases.

Later on there was steady buying and January delivery gradually improved to Rs. 409/4. Undertone of the market was good.

The market was good. Prices further improved to Rs. 411 on higher Karachi quotations but reacted at Rs. 410 on scattered realising.

There was persistent buying on reports of Liverpool purchases in Karachi market and January rose to Rs. 4473. At this level the rise was checked on realising and January reacted to Rs. 411/8 but again firmed up to Rs. 473/8 on renewed buying. Thereafter there was some realising and January reacted to Rs. 412/4. The market finally closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. January	Rs.	411	12	0
	to	412	0	0
I.C.C. March		418	0	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

LONDON: Banks Buying 90 Days/st. 1/6 5/32 1 to 4 Months.

Banks buying 90 days/st. 1/6 3/16 5 and 6 Months.

B. O. RATES: T. T. 1/6, 15/16 D D. 1/5 15/16.

Banks selling T. T. 1/5 31/32 D. D. 1/5 31/32

Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 D. D. 1/6 1/16.

LONDON/NEW YORK:

Banks selling T. T. Rs. 332 3/4 D. D. Rs. 332 3/4.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2 D D. Rs. 326.

LONDON/MONTREAL:

Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2 D. D. Rs. 302 1/2.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 299 D D. Rs. 297 1/2.

Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c. Bank of England Rate 2 pc.

Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p c 3 to 5 months 1/2 p c. 6 to 11 months 3/4 p c. 12 months 1-1/4 p c.

Tone: Very easy.

Calicut Quotations

CALICUT, Nov. 20.

Cocoanuts Raw 120; Dry 110; Cocoanut Oil 440, Copra Office 280; Dilpasand 290; Madrasnottam 295; Goodgoods 280; Pepper Wynaad 365/8; Country 362/8; Dryginger Chernad 330, Ernad 320; Coffee Robusta 90.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

I.C.C. Jan Highest 407, Lowest 405-1/2. Closing at 2 p.m. 405-1/2.

I.C.C. March Highest 414, Lowest 412-3/4. Closing at 2 p.m. 412-3/4.

I.C.C. May Highest 424-1/2, Lowest 423, Closing at 2 p.m. 423-1/2.

Karachi Market was closed.

COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton January Contract is 858 cent points under New York January at Exchange rate 331.

Bombay Produce

Bombay, Nov. 20

The local produce market was fairly steady with a moderate business. Groundnuts ready there was no change but Madras Goa December-February opened at Rs. 16/13 and advanced to Rs. 16/14 in sympathy improvement in cotton prices. Castorseeds were unchanged with no business. Linseed C. P. was quoted at Rs. 19/5 and Bombay February-March was quoted at Rs. 19/2. Trading was restricted and tone of the market was steady.

BENGAL CENTRAL BANK LTD.

ESTD. 1918.

Position as on 2nd Nov. 1945:—

Paid-up Capital & Reserve		Rs. 77,61,695
Deposits		Rs. 8,32,92,166
Cash & Bank Balances	Rs. 1,39,66,840	
Market value of Securities	Rs. 6,70,61,489	Rs. 7,10,28,329

"WHICH IS 85 o/o OF DEPOSITS"

Market value of Securities exceeds Book Value by about Rs. 19,13,921

A SAFE HOME FOR DEPOSITS.

BOMBAY OFFICE
"Elphinstone Building," "10, CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT"
HEAD OFFICE: 86 Clive Street, CALOUTTA.
Branches and Agencies in all other important Centres in India.
EVERY KIND OF BANKING & EXCHANGE BUSINESS TRANSACTED

Bombay Manager. SANJIBAN BANERJEE.
Local Director. J. P. KATGARA, J.P.
Chairman and Managing Director. Mr. J. C. DAS, B.Sc. (U.S.A.) R.A.

Rythm
RYTHM
CIGARETTES
More soothing and satisfying than the liking melody of a slow foxtrot are Rythm cigarettes—the outcome of the skilful blendins of rare tobaccos.
Four Annas for Ten.
GOLDEN TOBACCO CO. BOMBAY 24.

THE RIGHT THING
For your Camp!
Binnie's
QUICK-COOKER
It requires very little space in your camp outfit and yet it does so much! Warm water, hot milk, Coffee or tea—any warm dish you want—leave it to Binnie's and it is ready in three minutes! Get one to-day! It is very moderately priced.
Price: Quick-cooker Rs. 1—2—0
Refills (Solidified fuel) Rs. 1—8—0 per lb. tin.
(Sufficient for four fillings)
Manufactured by:
Sole Distributors: SPENCER & COMPANY LTD., Throughout India

MUTT AND JEFF—Well You C an't Tell It Might Have Been Mitizi's Twin Sister — By BUD FISHER

IN THE GOOD OLD SUMMER TIME
HELLO, MITZI HONEY!
SMACK!
YOU WORM! WHAT'S THE BIG IDEA? I'M NOT MITZI!
YOU'RE NOT? WHY YOU LOOK EXACTLY LIKE MITZI!
MY GOODNESS, I CAN HARDLY BELIEVE YOU'RE NOT MITZI! BLUE EYES BLONDE, EVERYTHING-- JUST EXACTLY LIKE MITZI!
GIMME A LITTLE KISS! I WANNA SEE IF YOU KISS LIKE MITZI!
SMACK!
EXACTLY LIKE MITZI!
Fisher

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1|8|-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a Bride for a Saraswat Brahmin. No restriction of widow or sub-castes. For full particulars, please write to Box No. 31, "Bombay Chronicle."

Most Beautiful tall cultured Pref. England returned bride required by parents of Europe-America trained bachelor, touring Europe yearly. Millionaire landlord family, Western views. Apply, Box No. 19, "Bombay Chronicle."

Hindu. widower, 45, last wife European desires meet with a view to matrimony a petite cultured lady about 35. Preferably of Independent means. Write Box No. 9930 "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Required a Medical Officer in charge for a Charitable Dispensary in Bombay. Hours of attendance 9-30 to 11-30 a.m. Honorarium allowed. Qualifications and long standing in practice preferred. Please apply Box No. 30 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted a Nursing Sister, preferably a Hindu for delivery case, for one month. Lodging and Boarding will be provided. Apply Box No. 890, Bombay No. 1. Give references and terms. 35

Wanted (1) A Steno Typist, (2) Ladies and Gents as Advertising Canvassers. Persons influential with Banks, films, mills, manufacturers, etc. only need personally apply 10 to 12 A.M. The Jupiter Advertising Agency, Shiwlall Motilal Mansions, opp. Bombay Central Station. (32)

Required a young intelligent man as departmental head to look after the running of motor transport. starting salary Rs. 350/- Apply Box No. 24 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted social Lady workers. Any caste. Write Miss Jayashree. 773, Sadashiv, Poona. 12A

Wanted immediately a competent Head Assistant for a public Limited Concern conversant with Company Law and procedure and able to handle correspondence independently. Please apply to Mr. Govardhandas, 5 Carlton Hotel, opposite Taj, Bombay. (33)

Wanted one L.C.P.S. Lady Doctor. Pay Rs. 125/- plus house rent. Private practice allowed according to State rules. Apply stating age, qualifications and experience to The Popular Member, Executive Council, Lunawada State, Lunawada. 5600

Wanted—Matriculates to learn Monotype and Linotype operating. Remuneration will be paid whilst learning. Typists knowing English and Gujrati typing will be preferred. Apply Box No. 136, Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted influential and well connected persons to act as Manager for a Bank in Bombay, good salary with future prospects, please apply to Box No. 10,000, "Bombay Chronicle."

Required an experienced man to act as Head for Shipping Department. Starting salary Rs. 350/-. Apply Box No. 25, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Registrar for the Tata Institute of Fundamental Research in the grade Rs. 500—30—800. Administrative experience essential. High academic qualifications, preferably in Science. Applications addressed c|o Sir Dorabji Tata Trust, Bombay, should reach by 3rd December, 1945. (5570)

Wanted Immediately by a well-established old Life Insurance Co., influential and well connected persons capable of creating good organisation for the post of Branch Manager on handsome salary at Bombay. Please apply to Mr. L. P. Acharya, Managing Director, The Sunshine Insurance Ltd., Kumul Villa, 321, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay, 4. (1)

Wanted—An experienced Branch Manager for our proposed Bombay Branch, who has worked in Advertising agency and has practical experience in this line. Apply Chaddha & Co., 204, Chittaranjan Avenue North, Calcutta. (5576)

Wanted an experienced and competent Salesman, well conversant with textile millstores line for Calcutta Office. Apply with relevent testimonials and qualifications stating minimum salary expected to Box No. 9995 "Bombay Chronicle."

TO BE LET

To let on long term tenancy near Darukhana, Mazagon, one independent Workshop building 88 ft wide x 116 ft. long equipped with a 10 ton travelling crane, fitted with electric installation for lighting and power. Flooring of concrete, suitable for Workshop, Factory or Godown. Apply to Box No. 5609, "Bombay Chronicle."

ACCOMMODATIONS WANTED

Wanted (1) Showroom premises. Central locality, Queens Road, Fort, preferred, (2) Residential accommodation, 5 rooms or more. Good locality. Good remuneration. Reply Box No. 42, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Quality Furniture in modern style at moderate rates. Gujarat Furniture Works, Chowpatty Sea Face and Girgaum, Phone 24067. 9981

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

SHARE SCRIP NOS: 828 and 1991 for 100 shares bearing distinctive Nos. 6748/6822 & 167837/167861 respectively of the Ajmer Electric Supply Co Ltd. 17/B Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, standing in the name of Mrs. Mira Chatterji have been lost or stolen. Anyone having any claim against the same should intimate to the above Company within one month from the date given hereof after which duplicate will be issued.

Bombay dated 17-11-45.
THE AJMER ELECTRIC SUPPLY CO., LTD
5603

NOTICE

WANTED IMMEDIATELY Candidates for waiting list for the temporary posts of Clerks in the Offices under the Finance Department (Supply) in Bombay and Bombay Suburbs. Minimum qualifications for Clerks, failed Matric. Pay Rs. 50-5|2-90 plus dearness allowance. Starting pay to Matrics will be Rs. 55|- p.m. Particulars about domicile, age, experience, if any, and community (including caste) should be clearly mentioned in the application. Preference will be given to the members of the scheduled classes.

2. Applications with the necessary certificates may be brought personally or sent so as to reach the undersigned not later than the 28th November, 1945.

R. R. RANA,
Establishment Officer,
Finance Department (Supply),
Civil Secretariat, Fort, Bombay.
(5610)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Davar's College of Commerce—Join immediately, special new classes just started for Company Secretaries, Specialised Banking, International Accountants, General Commerce, Gregg Shorthand, etc. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (39)

Learn Dentistry within short period. Apply Prospectus Dental Training Institute, Garediakuva, Rajkot. (5347)

Get Medical Diplomas at Home: Ayurvedic, Homoeopathic, Unani. Prospectus Free: Old Indian Medical College, Kotgarh, Simla. (9971)

Become Accountant, Secretary, Stenographer, Auditor, Insurance Officer by post. D.Com. courses, American Correspondence College (BC), Delhi. (4637A)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Waaning Tilly Oil—Only Genuine Dutch Drops manufactured in the laboratories of Waaning Tilly Bros. — Haarlem — A miraculous household remedy for diseases of the Liver and Gall system. Digestive Organs, Liver Kidney, Bladder and Gallstones-Colic. Sole Agents: The Eclipse Distributing Agency, Dahanu Road. (5372)

"Good-Bye" Cockroach Tablets sold at Asiatic Ahura, Perry, Piver and all leading Chemists. Price Annas two per packet. (28)

B. P. S. Caffein Aspirin for Headache and fever. 2 tablets in a packet. Obtainable at chemists and dealers. Tablets Limited, P. B. 67, Madras. Bombay Office: 11, Western India House, Sir P. M. Road, Fort, Bombay. 5464

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Purchasers of our Tower Brand Bar Soap, cubes, Cash, write to the Baku Soap Works, Matunga, Bombay 19. (9149)

Wanted Agents for Sale our high quality cigarettes and pipe tobacco in every city and town. Write for samples and agency terms. Oriental Tobacco Co., P.B. No. 190, Cawnpore. (5421)

Wanted Agents from all important Centres of India to secure orders for Buying and Selling of Government Papers and Marketable Shares quoted in Calcutta Stock Exchange. For terms please write to Joint Stock Investors, 7, Swallow Lane, (2nd Floor), Calcutta. (43)

Wanted Agents and stockists for our high class Virginia Cigarettes and pipe tobacco in every town and city. Ask for samples and agency terms. National India Cigarette Co., 16, Beadon Road, Lahore. (5444)

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

For immediate sale two C.I. rolling mill frames for 14" rolls suitable for rolling m.s. sheets. Further particulars from Garlick & Co., Jacob Circle, Bombay. (5582)

One Ice Plant of 3 tons capacity in working order complete with iron freezing tank and 40 B.H.P. Gas Engine Equipped with gas plant. Two disintegrators of No 1½ and No. 2. Apply to: The Kanauj Dyeing and Weaving Mills, Kanauj, U. P. (4)

For Sale. Two complete Oxy-Acetylene Welding Sets with right to draw supplies of Oxygen and Acetylene. Apply to Box No. 48, "Bombay Chronicle."

For Sale. Duplicating Machine "Gestetner" Three Perfect working conditions. Rs. 600 or near offer. Apply Box No. 47 "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

For looking after your Import and Export licences, contact experienced representatives at Delhi. Write Box No. 13, "Bombay Chronicle."

Earn Rs. 50/- every Friday. Wanted Distributors, Agents. 35% Commission. Apply immediately Box No. 41, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

ORDERS REGARDING SALE/PURCHASE OF SKIM MILK POWDER AND PRICES OF TEA AND COFFEE

Finance Department (Supply),
Bombay Castle, 15th November 1945.

NOTIFICATIONS

No. 57(G)IV-C(a)—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and of all other powers enabling it in this behalf and in supersession of the Order issued in Government Notification in the Finance Department (Supply) No. 57(G)IV-C(a) dated the 9th February 1945, the Government of Bombay is pleased to make the following Order:—

1. No person shall except with the written permission of the Milk Commissioner or the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay—

(a) in the local areas specified in the schedule to this Order (hereinafter called the said area), sell, distribute or supply or offer or attempt to sell, distribute or supply to any person skim milk powder;

(b) in the said area obtain or attempt to obtain any skim milk powder otherwise than on a valid permit issued for the purpose by the Milk Commissioner or the Director of Civil Supplies or the Controller of Rationing;

(c) transport skim milk powder beyond the limits of the said area to any place in the Province of Bombay.

2. The Provincial Government may exempt any person or any class of persons from the operation of any or all provisions of this Order.

SCHEDULE

The City of Bombay; The Bandra Municipal Borough; The Kurla Municipal Borough; The Parle Andheri Municipal Borough; The Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipal District; The Juhu Municipal District; The Chembur Village.

With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that notice of the said order should be given by:—

(a) publication of the same in the Bombay Government Gazette;

(b) the issue of a Press Note summarising and explaining its provision;

(c) publication of the same in the following newspapers namely:—

1. Times of India; 2. Bombay Chronicle; 3. Morning Standard; 4. Free Press Journal; 5. Nawakal; 6. Nava Shakti; 7. Prabhat; 8. Iqbal; 9. Inquilab; 10. Khilafat; 11. Jame-Jamshed; 12. Janmabhumi; 13. Vandematram; 14. Hindustan.

(d) supplying a copy thereof to each of the following persons and associations, namely:—

1. The Bombay Hotel Owners' Association, Sanzgiri Sadan, Bombay, 4; 2. The Bombay and Suburban Hotel Keepers' Association, Appu Building, Nal Bazar, Bombay; 3. The Bombay Hotels' Association, 494, Duncan Road, Bombay; 4. Bombay Suburban Tea Shop Keepers' Association, Bhuleshwar Mahadeo Hindu Hotel, Near Sarasvati Cinema, DeLisle Road, Bombay; 5. Bombay and Suburban Hotel Owners' Association 243 Musjid Bunder Road, Corner of Narayan Dhuru Street, Bombay; 6. Bombay and Suburban Restaurant Keepers' Association, 101, Umarkhadi, Bombay No. 9; 7 B. V. Tambe, Esquire, C/o. Messrs. B Tambe Limited, Bombay 4; 8. Said Altaf Hussein Esquire, Star of U. P. Restaurant, 121-129 Grant Road, Bombay, 3; 9. A P. Sabawala, Esquire, B.A., Bar-at-Law, Bombay House, Bombay; 10. Messrs. Ballabhdas Ishwardas, Caterers and Contractors, 183, Hornby Road, Bombay; 11. Messrs Brandon and Company, Patel House, Churchgate Street, Bombay; 12. Messrs. D. Agyar Caterers, B. B. & C.I. Railway, Bombay Central Station, Bombay.

appended hereto (hereinafter called the said area) and no hawker of tea, coffee or cold (iced) coffee shall in the said area—

(a) charge for ready-made tea, coffee and cold (iced) coffee a price in excess of—

(i) one anna per six fluid ounces of ready-made tea;

(ii) one and a half anna per six fluid ounces of ready-made coffee; and

(iii) two and a half annas per six fluid ounces of ready-made cold (iced) coffee;

(b) on demand and offer of price, refuse to sell ready-made tea, coffee or cold (iced) coffee at the rates specified in sub-clause (a), if such tea, coffee, or cold (iced) coffee is available in such restaurant or with such hawker as the case may be,

(2) every person in charge of a restaurant shall display and keep displayed in a conspicuous position in such restaurant near the counter, a copy of this Order and every hawker shall keep with himself a copy of this Order, which he shall on demand by a customer produce for his inspection.

EXPLANATION 1: For the purpose of this Order restaurant means any place wherein is carried on, whether or not in addition to any other form of business, the business of purveying tea, coffee, or cold (iced) coffee to the public or any class of the public, but does not include residential hotel, residential club boarding house or a restaurant car on a railway.

EXPLANATION 2: For the purpose of this Order "ready-made tea, coffee, or cold (iced) coffee" means tea, coffee or cold (iced) coffee to which milk has been added with or without any sweetening substance.

SCHEDULE

The City of Bombay; The Bandra Municipal Borough; The Kurla Municipal Borough; The Parle-Andheri Municipal Borough The Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipal District; The Juhu Municipal District; The Chembur Village.

With reference to sub-rule (1) of the rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that notice of the said Order should be given by—

(a) publication of the same in the Bombay Government Gazette;

(b) the issue of a Press Note summarising and explaining its provisions;

(c) publication of the same in the following newspapers, namely:—

1. Times of India; 2. Bombay Chronicle; 3. Morning Standard; 4. Free Press Journal; 5. Nawakal 6. Nava Shakti; 7. Prabhat; 8. Iqbal; 9. Inquilab; 10. Khilafat; 11. Jame-Jamshed; 12. Janmabhumi; 13. Vande Matram; 14. Hindustan.

(d) Supplying a copy thereof to each of the following persons and associations, namely:—

1. The Bombay Hotel Owners' Association, Sanzgiri Sadan Bombay, 4; 2. The Bombay and Suburban Hotel Keepers' Association, Appu Building, Null Bazar, Bombay; 3. The Bombay Hotels' Association, 494, Duncan Road, Bombay; 4. Bombay Suburban Tea Shop Keepers' Association, Bhuleshwar Mahadeo Hindu Hotel Near Saraswati Cinema, DeLisle Road, Bombay; 5. Bombay and Suburban Hotel Owners' Association, 243, Musjid Bunder Road, Corner of Narayan Dhuru Street, Bombay; 6. Bombay and Suburban Restaurant Keepers' Association, 101, Umarkhadi, Bombay No. 9; 7. B. V. Tambe, Esquire C/o. Messrs. B. Tambe Limited, Bombay, 4; 8. Said Hussein, Esquire, Star of U P. Restaurant, 121-129 Grant Road, Bombay, 3; 9. A. P. Sabawala, Esquire, B.A., Bar-at-Law, Bombay House, Bombay; 10, Messrs. Ballabhadas Ishwardas, Caterers and Contractors, 183, Hornby Road, Bombay; 11. Messrs. Brandon and Company, Patel House, Churchgate Street, Bombay; 12. Messrs D Agyar, Caterers, B. B. & C I Railway, Bombay Central Station Bombay.

By order of the Governor of Bombay,
D. S. BAKHLE,
Joint Secretary to Government.
5603

No. 57(G)/IV-C(b).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and of all other powers enabling it in this behalf and in supersession of the Order issued in Government Notification in the Finance Department (Supply) No. 57(G)/IV-C(c), dated the 9th February 1945 the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that—

(1) no person in charge of a restaurant situate in the local areas specified in the Schedule

ORDER

IN SUPERSESSION of the order, dated the 31st May, 1943, issued by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, requiring intending omnibus passengers to form queues, which was last renewed for a period of six months on the 19th May, 1945, it is hereby ordered that, intending omnibus passengers waiting at bus stops for omnibuses shall form queues on the pavement parallel to the kerb or parallel to the edge of the roadway where no pavement exists and that no intending omnibus passenger shall enter any omnibus until passengers who wish to alight have done so, and then only in strict rotation in accordance with his position in the queue.

This order is made under section 23 (1) (d) of the City of Bombay Police Act, IV of 1902, and shall remain in force for a period of 6 months from the date hereof.

H. E. BUTLER,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office:
Bombay, 19th November, 1945.
(5602)

THE ASSOCIATED BANKING CORPORATION OF INDIA, LTD FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 406 for ten shares with distinctive Nos 16815 to 16824 of the abovenamed Bank registered in the name of Narandas Vallabhdas & Co., has been reported LOST or MISPLACED by them. Any person claiming in respect of these shares should lodge their claim at the Head Office of the Bank Laxmi Building, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date otherwise the Bank will proceed with the issue of the duplicate certificate.

SECRETARY.
5606

NOTICE.

A COSMETICS MANUFACTURING CONCERN requires bottles in attractive and fancy designs in big quantities in different sizes for packing their products. Communicate with Post Box No. 2166, Bombay No. 2. (5564)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY, FINANCE DEPARTMENT (SUPPLY)
Bombay Castle, 13th November, 1945.
ORDER

DEFENCE OF INDIA RULES.

No. 719|II.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a), (b) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Government of Bombay is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. Every holder in actual possession of agricultural land in any area in the Province specified in Schedule X or Schedule Y shall—

(a) not later than the date prescribed for the payment of the first instalment of land revenue or such other date as may be specially notified in this behalf by the District Magistrate sell to the Provincial Government at the prices fixed by Government or the District Magistrate a quantity of foodgrains determined in accordance with the provisions of this Order; and

(b) deliver possession thereof on the date of sale or on demand on any date thereafter to such officer and at such place as may be designated by the District Magistrate in that behalf.

EXPLANATION: — "Foodgrains" shall mean wheat, rice, bajri, jowar and ragi and such other grains as the District Magistrate may by order notify with respect to any local area in the district.

2. (i) The Collector shall publish a Table in the form in Schedule Z to this Order showing the quantity of foodgrains required to be sold under this Order determined with reference to—

(a) The average land revenue assessment on the holding, and

(b) the foodcrops acreage in the holding.

(ii) The quantity of foodgrains required to be sold by a holder under this Order shall be the quantity which appears against the foodcrops acreage pertaining to the holder's holding in whichever of the Parts in the Table published by the Collector under Sub-clause (i) is appropriate to the average assessment of the holder's holding.

EXPLANATION: 1. For the purposes of this Order "foodcrops acreage" shall mean two-thirds of the cultivable area of the holding in the talukas specified in Schedule X and three quarters of the cultivable area of the holding in the talukas specified in Schedule Y.

Provided that where part or whole of such foodcrops acreage pertaining to a cultivator's holding is irrigated by any means the foodcrops acreage of the holding for the purposes of this Order shall be deemed to be the total of (i) the irrigated part of the foodcrops acreage multiplied by such figure not exceeding four as the Collector may specify in this behalf and (ii) the non-irrigated part of the foodcrops acreage.

EXPLANATION 2. For the purposes of this Order "average assessment" shall mean the total fixed agricultural assessment of the holding including any water rate leviable under the provisions of the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879 (Bom. V of 1879) divided by the total acreage of assessed cultivable land in the holding.

3. No holder in actual possession of agricultural land shall—

(a) pay in kind any rent or interest on a loan or instalment in repayment of a loan to any other person until he has sold and delivered the quantity of foodgrains as required by this Order, or—

(b) be compelled to pay in kind such portion of any rent or interest on a loan or instalment in repayment of a loan payable in kind to any other person as corresponds to the quantity of foodgrains which the holder is required to sell and deliver under the provisions of this Order.

4. With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rule, the order shall be published in the official gazette in the following newspapers, viz.,—

LIST 'A'.

1. "Times of India."
2. "Bombay Chronicle."
3. "Free Press Journal."
4. "Morning Standard."
5. "Nava Kal."
6. "Vividha Vritta."
7. "Jame Jamshed."
8. "Bombay Samachar."
9. "Mumbai Vartaman."
10. "Shamyukta Karnatak."
11. "Dnyan Prakash."
12. "Kesari."
13. "Ajmal."
14. "Roznama-e-Khilafat," and

shall be affixed to notice board in all Taluka offices.

SCHEDULE X.

District.	Area.	Talukas, etc.
Ahmedabad.		Sanand peta, Modasa peta.
Kaira.		Kapadwanj, Anand, Thasra.
Broach.		Broach, Ankleshwar, Jambusar, Vagra.
Panch Mahals.		Kalol.
Surat.		Mandvi, Olpad, Chorasi, Bardoli, Valod peta, Chikhli, Jalalpore.
East Khandesh.		Yawal, Raver, Bhusaval, Chopda, Amalner, Erandol, Jalgaon, Pachora, Edlopad Peta.
West Khandesh.		Sindhkheda, Shahada, Shirpur, Nawapur Peta.
Satara.		Karad.
Belgaum.		Sampgaon. Parasgad, Chikodi.
Bijapur.		Hungund.
Dharwar.		Dharwar, Hubli, Bankapur, Karajgi, Ranebennur, Gadag, Nawalgund, Ron, Mundargipeta, Nargund peta.

SCHEDULE Y.

District.	Area.	Talukas, etc.
Ahmedabad.		City Mahal, Dholka, Dhanduka, Gogho Peta, Daskroi, Prantij, Viramgaum.
Kaira.		Matar, Mehamadabad, Nadiad, Borsad.
Panch Mahals.		Godhra, Dhohad, Jhalod Peta, Halol Peta.
Ahmednagar.		Akola, Sangamner, Rahuri, Kopargaon, Parner, Shrigonda, Karjat. Jamkhed, Peta, Newasa, Ahmednagar, Pathordi-peta, Shevgaon.
East Khandesh.		Chalisgaon, Parola. Bhadgaon Peta, Jamner.
West Khandesh.		Sakri, Dhulia, Taloda, Akrani Mahal, Nandurbar
Nasik.		Nasik, Dindori, Malegaon, Baglan, Kalvan, Nandgaon, Niphad, Sinnar, Yeola, Chandor.
Poona.		Poona City, Bhimathdi, Indapur, Dhond, Haveli, Mulshi Peta, Purandhar, Junnar, Ambegaon Peta, Khed, Shirur.
Satara.		Patan, Walwa, Shirala Peta, Javli, Wai, Satara, Khatav, Man, Khanapur. Tasgaon, Koregaon.
Sholapur.		Sholapur North, Sholapur South, Barsi, Pandharpur, Karmala, Madha, Malsiras, Sangola.
Belgaum.		Athni, Gokak. Hukeri.
Bijapur.		Indi, Sindgi. Bijapur, Bagewadi, Muddebihal, Badami, Bagalkot, Bilgi Peta.

SCHEDULE Z.

Where the average rate of assessment on a holding exceeds a figure shown, in column 1 below but does not exceed that shown in column 2, that part of the attached Grain Levy Table the serial number of which appears in column 3 against it shall be appropriate to such holding:

1.	2.	3.
.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....

etc.

Grain Levy Table, Part.....
Food crops Levy. ....
Acreage.
....
.... and thereafter at the rate of payleesMaunds per acre.
Grain Levy Table, Part.....
etc.
Collector of .....
Date.

By order of the Governor of Bombay,
J. BOOTH,
Joint Secretary to the Government of Bombay.
(5605)

NOTICE

THE Registered Office of the UNIVERSAL INDUSTRIES (India) LTD. has been SHIFTED from 7th November, 1945. to NEW ISLAM MILLS COMPOUND, near Currey Road, Lal Bag, Bombay.
Phone: 60933, Man. Director.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that two share certificates Nos. B-2642 and B-51855 in respect of Reserve Bank of India Shares Nos. 158206 to 158210 and 187976 to 187980 each issued in the names of the undersigned respectively have been lost. Due notice thereof has been given to the Bank and all persons are warned against dealing with the share certificates in any way.

OLIVE EUPHEMIA STRIP.
RAMNIK JAMNADAS.
(45)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
Public Health Department
NOTICE

TENDERS for the supply of pure buffaloes' milk for one year from 1-3-1946 to the Arthur Road and Maratha Hospitals, K. E. M. Hospital including Nurses' Home etc., Nurses' Mess at the Arthur Road Hospital, five Maternity Homes, Turner Sanatorium, Bhoiwada Hill, the Victoria Gardens and the Eye Hospital, Kamatipura, will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on 12-12-1945 not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.).

About 902 seers of milk per day will be required and the successful tenderer will have to make fresh supply twice daily to the institutions. The milk should contain not less than 7% of fat and 9% of solids other than fat.

Tender forms will be supplied to any one on payment of Rupee one only by the undersigned from whom further information can be obtained.

The tender deposit to be paid along with the tender is Rs. 6,000/- only.

(Sd.) B. C. DASGUPTA,
Executive Health Officer,
Bombay Municipality;
Public Health Department,
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 19-11-1945.
5607

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (SUPPLY)
Bombay Castle, 12th November 1945.
ORDER

DEFENCE OF INDIA RULES.

No. 44 (2)|IV-A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of the Order issued in Government Notification in the Finance Department (Supply), No. 44|5027|2| IV, dated the 6th January, 1944, the Government of Bombay is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

No person shall remove onions exceeding five seers in quantity by road, rail or sea from any place within the limits of the Province of Bombay to any place in India outside the said limits except under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence granted by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay.

With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that notice of the Order should be given by—

(a) publication of the Order in the "Bombay Government Gazette";

(b) publication of the Order in the following newspapers having circulation in the Province of Bombay, namely:—

(1) **The Times of India, Bombay.**
(2) **Bombay Chronicle, Bombay.**
(3) **Free Press Journal, Bombay.**
(4) **Morning Standard, Bombay.**
(5) **Nawakal, Bombay.**
(6) **Vividh-Vritta, Bombay.**
(7) **Jam-e-Jamshed, Bombay.**
(8) **Bombay Samachar, Bombay.**
(9) **Mumbai Vartaman, Bombay.**
(10) **Samyukta Karnatak, Bombay.**
(11) **Dnyan Prakash, Poona.**
(12) **Kesari, Poona.**
(13) **Ajmal.**
(14) **Roznam-E-Khilafat.**

(c) affixing to the notice boards in the Revenue Offices in the Province of Bombay, copies of the Order and by announcing by beat of drum that the copies have been so affixed.

By order of the Governor of Bombay,
D. S. BAKHALE,
Joint. Secy.
(5404)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE COTTON & WOOLLEN CLOTHES, H.M.V. RADIOGRAM, GRAMOPHONE, CYCLE, CROCKERYWARE, GALICHAS ETC. M/s. GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from the Administrator-General of Bombay and the Administrator of the estates of the undermentioned deceased, sell by Public Auction FRIDAY, 23-11-45 at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at our Rooms at No. 72, Medows Street:

Estate:—S. W. Gleed—H. M. V. Radiogram, Gramophone Records, Cycle, Clothes, etc.

Estate:—Bashir Hilal—Drawing Room Sofa Set, Carpets, Centre Table, Bed-Stead, mattress, Clothes, etc.

Estate:—E. Sandstrom-Sofa set chairs, tables, show case Bookcase, Crockery, Clothes, etc.

Estate:—Saiyad Sajan Hussein-Wall-Clock, Doubledoor Almirah, Chest of Drawers, Showcase, Bedstead and mattress, Meatsafe, stool, crockery etc.

Estate:—Laxmibai R. Kamat—utensils, trunk, etc.

Estate:—Lieut G. S. A. Tuite Dalton-clothes etc.

Estate:—Dr. F. N. O'Brien-Partition, typewriter, Dressing table, cot,—crockery, books etc.

Terms: Cash against Delivery.
GANDHI & CO.

In accordance with Sections 167 and 88 of the Sea Customs Act of 1878 under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Bombay, M/s. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 28th and THURSDAY the 29th NOVEMBER, 1945, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the New Custom House, Ballard Road, confiscated and unclaimed arms and ammunitions, 1 lot jewellery; 1 lot silk and cotton piecegoods; Gum Copal, and Miscellaneous Goods.
MENESSE & CO.

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